USCG Asset Guide

A Desktop Reference Guide to the USCG for the Utility Radio Hobbyist

Last Updated: 2-14-16

Send updates to: mjc843 at gmail.com



USCG Air Asset Guide

Aircraft Fleet List

Tail	Type	Homeplate	Last Log	
101	C-37A (CGAS Washington, D.C.	02-10-16	
102	C-37A (CGAS Washington, D.C.	02-10-16	
1502	HC-130	H CGAS Clearwater	01-16-16	
1503	HC-130	H CGAS Clearwater	02-07-16	
1700	HC-130	H7 CGAS Barbers Point	09-22-15	
1701	HC-130	H7 CGAS Kodiak	01-30-16	
1702	HC-130	H7 CGAS Sacramento	03-24-15	
1703	HC-130	H7 CGAS Barbers Point	02-06-16	
1704	HC-130	H7 CGAS Sacramento	02-06-16	
1706	HC-130	H7 CGAS Clearwater	02-13-16	
1707	HC-130	H7 CGAS Barbers Point	07-30-15	
1709	HC-130	H7 CGAS Sacramento	02-09-16	
1711	HC-130	H7 West Coast	12-15-15	
1712	HC-130	H7 CGAS Kodiak	12-18-15	
1713	HC-130	H7 CGAS Kodiak	06-03-15	
1714	HC-130	H7 CGAS Kodiak	10-30-15	
1715	HC-130	H7 CGAS Clearwater	02-12-16	

1716 1718 1719 1720 1790 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	HC-130H7 C HC-130H7 C HC-130H7 C HC-130J C	CGAS Clearwater CGAS Clearwater CGAS Barbers Point CGAS Barbers Point CGAS Clearwater CGAS Clearwater CGAS Clearwater CGAS Clearwater CGAS Elizabeth City	09-11-15 04-15-15 10-17-15 02-07-16 11-21-15 02-06-16 02-10-16 07-08-15 10-30-15 02-05-16 02-10-16 12-15-15 03-19-15 09-02-15
2012		o be delivered in 2019	04 00 40
2301 2302		ATC Mobile CGAS Miami	01-29-16 02-13-16
2302		CGAS Milanii CGAS Cape Cod	02-13-16
2304		CGAS Corpus Christi	02-10-16
2305		CGAS Miami	02-07-16
2306		CGAS Miami	10-09-14
2307		ATC Mobile	12-21-15
2308		CGAS Corpus Christi	12-31-15
2309 2310		CGAS Cape Cod CGAS Miami	02-07-16 02-14-16
2311		ATC Mobile	02-14-16
2312		ATC Mobile	01-17-16
2313		CGAS Corpus Christi	01-31-16
2314		ATC Mobile	09-02-15
2315		CGAS Miami	02-14-16
2316		ATC Mobile	01-30-16
2317		CGAS Cape Cod	01-29-16
2318 2701		ATC Mobile o be delivered	01-22-16
2701		be delivered be delivered	
2703		be delivered	
2704		GAS Elizabeth City	08-20-15
2705		be delivered	
2706		GAS Elizabeth City	01-29-16
2707		GAS Sacramento	02-10-16
2708		GAS Sacramento	02-01-16
2709		be delivered	
2710 2711		o be delivered o be delivered	
2712		be delivered	
2713		be delivered	
2714		GAS Elizabeth City	05-27-15
6001		GAS Clearwater	01-02-16
6002		GAS Astoria	01-15-16
6003		GAS Astoria	01-29-16
6004 6005		GAS Kodiak GAS Kodiak	01-28-16 10-25-15
6006		GAS Kodiak	02-12-16
6007		GAS Clearwater	01-02-16
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6008	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	12-12-15
6009	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	02-06-16
6010	MH-60T	CGAS Kodiak	11-13-15
6011		CGAS Kodiak	11-20-15
	MH-60T		
6012	MH-60T	CGAS Elizabeth City	02-09-16
6013	MH-60T	CGAS Astoria	11-29-15
6014	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	02-06-16
6015	MH-60T	CGAS Elizabeth City	01-01-16
6016	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	02-07-15
6018	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	12-12-15
6019	MH-60T	CGAS San Diego	11-19-15
6021	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	01-27-16
6022	MH-60T	CGAS San Diego	05-28-15
			01-02-16
6023	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	
6024	MH-60T	CGAS San Diego	10-02-15
6025	MH-60T	ATC Mobile	02-14-16
6026	MH-60T	CGAS Cape Cod	02-07-16
6027	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	02-05-16
6029	MH-60T	CGAS Astoria	12-11-15
6030	MH-60T	CGAS Cape Cod	12-19-15
6031	MH-60T	CGAS Elizabeth City	11-12-15
6032	MH-60T	Unknown	10-19-14
6033	MH-60T	CGAS Cape Cod	01-20-16
6034	MH-60T	CGAS Kodiak	07-30-15
6035	MH-60T	CGAS Kodiak	10-04-15
			07-22-15
6036	MH-60T	CGAS San Diego	
6037	MH-60T	CGAS Kodiak	09-04-15
6038	MH-60T	CGAS Elizabeth City	03-23-15
6039	MH-60T	ATC Mobile	09-22-15
6040	MH-60T	CGAS Elizabeth City	10-23-15
6041	MH-60T	CGAS Cape Cod	09-17-15
6042	MH-60T	CGAS Astoria	05-19-15
6043	MH-60T	CGAS Elizabeth City	07-28-14
6044	MH-60T	CGAS Kodiak	09-25-15
6045	MH-60T	CGAS Clearwater	01-17-16
6046	MH-60T	ATC Mobile	11-19-15
6047	MH-60T	Unknown	10-09-15
6501	MH-65D	CGAS Port Angeles	11-23-14
6502	MH-65D	CGAS New Orleans	05-01-15
6503	MH-65D	CGAS Kodiak	01-15-13
6504	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	04-29-14
6506	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	12-21-15
6507	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	10-19-15
6508	MH-65D	CGAS New Orleans	04-18-14
6509	MH-65D	CGAS Detroit	09-18-15
6510	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	07-30-15
6511	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	07-30-15
6512	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	09-07-15
6513	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	12-27-14
6514	MH-65D	ATC Mobile	02-11-16
6515	MH-65D	CGAS San Francisco	02-06-15
6516	MH-65D	CGAS Savannah	01-23-16
6517	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	07-28-15
6518	MH-65D	CGAS Port Angeles	08-13-14
6519	MH-65D	CGAS North Bend	01-29-16
6520	MH-65D	CGAS Houston	08-14-15
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6521	MH-65D	Unknown	04-24-14
6522	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	01-16-16
6524	MH-65D	CGAS North Bend	01-23-15
6525	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	08-31-14
6526	MH-65D	CGAS San Francisco	03-18-15
6527	MH-65D	CGAS Traverse City	01-06-15
6528	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	01-31-16
6529	MH-65D	Unknown	01-08-14
6530	MH-65D	CGAS Savannah	11-04-15
6531	MH-65D	CGAS San Francisco	10-23-15
6532	MH-65D	CGAS Detroit	12-07-15
6533	MH-65D	CGAS New Orleans	02-23-15
6534	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	02-11-16
6536	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	05-28-15
6537	MH-65D	CGAS North Bend	03-14-15
6538	MH-65D	CGAS New Orleans	12-15-15
6539	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	01-29-16
6540	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	01-08-16
6542	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	11-27-15
6543	MH-65D	CGAS Traverse City	03-17-15
6544	MH-65D	CGAS Kodiak	09-09-14
6545	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	10-31-14
6547	MH-65D	CGAS Barbers Point	04-17-15
6548	MH-65D	Unknown	03-21-13
6550	MH-65D	CGAS Savannah	01-23-16
		CGAS North Bend	
6551	MH-65D		01-31-16
6552	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	10-24-14
6553	MH-65D	CGAS Corpus Christi	03-02-12
6554	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	05-15-15
6555	MH-65D	CGAS Savannah	01-25-16
6556	MH-65D	CGAS Humboldt Bay	02-06-16
6557	MH-65D	ATC Mobile	04-16-15
6558	MH-65D	CGAS Humboldt Bay	11-20-15
6559	MH-65D	CGAS Houston	11-20-15
6560	MH-65D	CGAS Detroit	05-23-15
6561	MH-65D	ATC Mobile	06-03-15
6562	MH-65D	CGAS Savannah	01-23-16
6563	MH-65D	CGAS Los Angeles	07-30-15
6564	MH-65D	CGAS Corpus Christi	12-29-15
6565	MH-65D	Unknown	01-08-16
6566	MH-65D	CGAS Borinquen	11-08-15
6567	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	03-22-13
6568	MH-65D	Unknown	02-06-16
6569	MH-65D	CGAS Borinquen	10-19-15
6570	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	10-29-13
6571	MH-65D	Unknown	06-05-15
6572	MH-65D	CGAS Borinquen	12-12-16
6573	MH-65D	CGAS Borinquen	02-12-16
6574	MH-65D	East Coast	12-28-12
	MH-65D	ATC Mobile	
6575			04-16-15
6576	MH-65D	CGAS New Orleans	01-31-13
6577	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	11-19-15
6578	MH-65D	CGAS Barbers Point	01-14-16
6579	MH-65D	CGAS Boringuen	12-04-15
6580	MH-65D	CGAS Barbers Point	10-10-13
6581	MH-65D	CGAS New Orleans	11-26-13

6582	MH-65D	CGAS Borinquen	03-06-15
6583	MH-65D	ATC Mobile	01-29-16
6584	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	10-03-14
6585	MH-65D	CGAS Borinquen	12-30-15
6586	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	11-16-12
6587	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	03-25-15
6588	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	02-13-16
6589	MH-65D	CGAS Detroit	11-19-14
6590	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	01-08-16
6591	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	06-04-15
6592	MH-65D	CGAS Detroit	10-09-15
6593	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	04-16-15
6594	MH-65E	CGAS Elizabeth City	01-29-16
6595	MH-65D	Unknown	08-06-14
6596	MH-65D	HITRON Jacksonville	01-23-14
6597	MH-65D	CGAS Port Angeles	09-28-14
6598	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	02-02-16
6599	MH-65D	CGAS Kodiak	12-20-15
6601	MH-65D	ALC Elizabeth City	08-14-09
6602	MH-65D	CGAS Los Angeles	05-18-14
6603	MH-65D	CGAS Houston	01-22-16
6604	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	05-26-15
6605	MH-65D	CGAS Atlantic City	01-06-15
6606	MH-65D	CGAS Humboldt Bay	11-06-15
6607	MH-65D	CGAS Los Angeles	01-09-15
6608	MH-65D	CGAS Miami	01-03-15

HC-130 Long Range Search Aircraft

(USCG fact file)

Range: 4100 (H), 5500 (J) NM Endurance: 14 (H), 21(J) Hours

Crew: 2 (O), 5 (E)

HC-130 aircraft provide long-range air coverage over the entire Coast Guard area of responsibility. The primary role of these aircraft is to meet the long range maritime patrol requirements that cannot be accomplished by the medium range surveillance (MRS) CASA aircraft.

When the modernization and recapitalization project is complete, the LRS fleet will include a total of 22 fully missionized HC-130Js and some upgraded HC-130Hs with new center wing boxes.

The Coast Guard is improving the material condition and capability of 16 legacy HC-130H aircraft. New (SELEX) active electronically scanned array radar is replacing the APS-137 radar. The new radar is more reliable and capable than the legacy system. The aircraft will also receive new DF-430 direction-finding radio equipment. The new direction finder will use the international standard 406MHz distress beacon technology. Later modernization projects will include upgrades to the aircraft obsolete avionics and cockpit display suites as well as structural enhancements to extend the operational lives of the aircraft.

The HC-130H fleet is equipped with a Forward-Looking Infrared/Electro-Optical/Low-Light TV (FLIR/EO/LLTV) turret-mounted camera system. This system provides a 360-degree field-of-view and high-resolution software magnification allowing use at standoff ranges. In addition, a DAMA-compatible MILSATCOM receiver is installed. The FLIR/EO/LLTV interfaces with the HC-130H's radar, allowing automatic direction of the FLIR system, reducing the operator workload for the tactical sensor operator.

The first missionized HC-130J was delivered on January 24, 2008. HC-130J modifications include: the proven multimode EDO EL/M 2022A(V)3 maritime surface search radar, mounted beneath the plane's fuselage, and a nose-mounted APN- 241 weather radar, the electro-optical/infrared- FLIR Systems Star Safire III, DF- 430 UHF/VHF Direction Finder System, and SAAB Transponder Tech AB R4A Airborne Automatic Identification System (AIS).

Three HC-130J's were ordered in 2012 for delivery in 2016 at a cost of \$218 million. Two more were ordered in 2014 for delivery by 2017.

HC-144A/B Ocean Sentry Medium Range Search Aircraft

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(USCG fact file) Speed: 236 kts

Range: Up to 1,500-2,300 NM

Endurance: 10 Hours

Crew: 5

Sensors: ISAR Radar, EO/IR, AIS equipped

Quantity: 18

This fixed-wing turbo prop aircraft provides invaluable on-scene loitering capabilities and perform various missions, including maritime patrol, law enforcement, Search and Rescue (SAR), disaster response, and cargo & personnel transport. The Mission System Pallet is a roll-on, roll-off suite of electronic equipment that enables the aircrew to compile data from the aircraft's multiple integrated sensors and transmit and receive both classified "Secret"-level and unclassified information to other assets, including surface vessels, other aircraft, local law enforcement and shore facilities. With multiple voice and data communications capabilities, including UHF/VHF, HF, and Commercial Satellite Communications (SATCOM), the HC-144A will be able to contribute to a Common Tactical Picture (CTP) and Common Operating Picture (COP) through a networked Command and Control (C2) system that provides for data sharing via SATCOM. The aircraft is also equipped with a vessel Automatic Identification System, direction finding equipment, a surface search radar, an Electro-Optical/ Infra-Red system, and Electronic Surveillance Measures equipment to improve situational awareness and responsiveness.

The Coast Guard is upgrading its HC-144A aircraft to address obsolescence issues, improve situational awareness and increase overall mission effectiveness. Upon completion of this modification, called the Ocean Sentry Refresh, the aircraft will be designated HC-144B.

The key change is replacement of the cockpit control and display unit, which is used in flight management and serves as the primary avionics computer for communication control, navigation and equipment monitoring. The new CDU features active matrix display, a more powerful processor and other updated technologies that increase both performance and reliability. It also has the capabilities needed to comply with global air traffic management requirements, and its updated keyboard is easier to use in bad weather.

HC-27J Medium Range Search Aircraft

(USCG fact file) Speed: 315 kts

Range: Up to 2,300 NM Endurance: 10 Hours Planned Quantity: 14

The C-27J is being integrated into the Coast Guard's Medium Range Surveillance Aircraft fleet, alongside the HC-144 Ocean Sentry.

The C-27Js will be instrumental in helping the Coast Guard fulfill its maritime patrol, drug and migrant interdiction, disaster response, and search and rescue missions more effectively.

Fourteen C-27J aircraft are being transferred to the Coast Guard under the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014. Following regeneration and missionization, the C-27J aircraft will address the gap in maritime flight hours the service is currently facing.

Envisioned modifications will enhance the aircraft's current capability to detect, classify and identify maritime targets. Planned components will include an integrated surface search radar, electro-optical/infrared sensors and a standardized mission system being developed for all Coast Guard fixed wing aircraft.

The C-27J Asset Project Office has been stood up at Elizabeth City, North Carolina, and is supporting the acquisition and modernization of the C-27J aircraft system. The APO's missions include development of Coast Guard specific crew duties, procedures, technical manuals, curricula and test and evaluation reporting.

MH-60T Medium Range Recovery Helicopter

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(USCG fact file)

The revised recapitalization plan retains and upgrades the Coast Guard's existing fleet of HH-60s rather than acquire new MRR replacement aircraft. The original Deepwater baseline had notionally selected the smaller AB-139 as the MRR. This aircraft was determined to be unsuitable to meet the post 9/11 Airborne Use of Force and Vertical Insertion/Vertical Delivery mission requirements. Plans call for 42 aircraft.

MH-60J Project:

The HH-60 was modernized with improved avionics and a new T700 turbine power plant. The hardened HH-60s received an Airborne Use of Force (AUF) package that provides the capability to fire warning and disabling shots from the air while providing for crew protection from small arms fire. When deployed from a Coast Guard flight deck-equipped cutter, this gives the cutter the ability to apply force against a maritime target up to 400NM away. The MRR additionally provides a Vertical Insertion and Vertical Delivery capability – the ability to deliver a 6-person interagency counter-terrorism or response team 200NM from a US shore or a Coast Guard flight deck equipped cutter.

MH-60T Project:

The MH-60T project was developed to enhance the multi-mission capabilities of the HH-60 aircraft. This project includes a number of upgrades to improve reliability and mission performance while also adding new capabilities such as the Electro-Optical/Infrared (EO/IR) Sensor System (ESS) and Airborne Use Force (AUF) package.

The ESS, manufactured by FLIR Systems Inc. provides aircrews with enhanced search capabilities to locate, identify, and track surface targets day or night.

Among the upgrades, Rockwell Collins' Common Avionics Architecture System provides fully integrated flight and mission management capabilities. Using five multi-function display screens, aircrews can display radar and forward-looking-infrared data, monitor the Traffic Collision Avoidance System and view imagery fed into the cockpit from the rescue hoist camera. Enhanced radar and optical sensors also contribute to an improved common operating picture and maritime domain awareness.

The AUF package increases the MH-60T's capability by equipping it with a 7.62mm machine gun to fire warning shots and a .50 caliber long range rifle for precise targeting, such as disabling outboard engines. The package also provides ballistic armor for aircrew protection and upgraded communications systems

for better interoperability.

The first MH-60T, CG 6027, completed modifications at ALC in December 2007. The program is expected to be complete by 2020 at a cost of \$451 million.

USN SH-60F frames 164445 and 164804 are to/have become CG 6044 and 6045 respectively.

MH-65D/E Multi-Mission Cutter Helicopter (MCH)

(USCG fact file)

The H-65 Short Range Recovery helicopter was introduced to the U.S. Coast Guard in the mid-1980s, and is currently expected to remain in service through 2025.

The Coast Guard began the MCH Project in 2004 with the intent to increase, recapitalize and modernize its aging fleet of H-65 aircraft. The MCH Project grows the fleet by seven aircraft and provides the H-65 with a service life extension by replacing obsolete components with new technology—a digital Automatic Flight Control System, an integrated flight deck with sensor display screens, and a robust and effective C4ISR suite.

The program is broken up into six Discrete Segments:

Discrete Segment 1 (H-65/MCH Phase I)

In response to safety and reliability concerns, this segment focused on replacing the LTS 101 engines with Turbomeca Arriel 2C2CG engines and associated components. Re-engined aircraft are designated HH-65C. Other improvements include strengthened landing gear, a new 10-bladed tail rotor and drive shaft that will allow the HH-65 to move horizontally to the left or right at 70 knots.

Discrete Segment 2 (National Capital Region Air Defense)

This segment provides a NCRAD mission capability mandated by DHS by increasing the fleet size from 95 to 102 aircraft. The Coast Guard's role in the mission is to conduct helicopter operations in the National Capital Region to identify and intercept aircraft operating within the Washington, D.C. area.

Discrete Segment 3 (Airborne Use of Force)

This segment provides the Coast Guard with an organic Airborne Use of Force (AUF) capability provided in AUF packages. The A-kit includes night vision goggle/infrared-compatible formation flying lights and cockpit displays, and an upgraded hailing system, mounts and internal stowage for ammunition and weapons. The AUF B-kit adds ballistic armor for aircrew protection, one M240 7.62mm general purpose machine gun and one RC50 .50 cal. precision rifle. The B-kit also provides a pilot's head-up display, night vision optics and a Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) sensor.

The project also adds new communications systems –such as the AN/ARC-210 military satellite communications radio, AN/ARC-220 high frequency Automatic Link Establishment (ALE) radio, and the RT5000 multi-band radio, which connects an aircrew with federal, state & local law enforcement agencies and emergency services. The MCHs also will have a DF-430 direction finding system.

The new designation following these upgrades is MH-65C.

The MH-65C will additionally provide a Vertical Insertion and Vertical Delivery capability – the ability to deliver a 3-person interagency response team 50NM from shore or a Coast Guard flight deck-equipped cutter.

Discrete Segment 4 (H-65/MCH Phase II)

This segment will build upon the MH-65C configuration developed during Discrete Segment 3 and addresses obsolete aircraft "safety of flight" subsystems that are no longer economically supportable. The

improvements include the replacement of the navigation system and six aircraft gyros with a dual digital embedded GPS/inertial navigation system aircraft will be designated MH-65D.

Flight testing on the first MH-65D, CG 6543, began in March at the Coast Guard Aviation Logistics Center in Elizabeth City, N.C. The MH-65D features a new flight navigation system which replaces the current compass, directional, yaw rate gyro systems, and GPS system. Initial Operating Capacity is expected to be reached during the 3rd quarter of FY10.

Discrete Segment 5 (Aircraft Ship Integrated Secure and Traverse)

In 2004, the Coast Guard decided that the Deepwater program, would be constructed with the ASIST system built by Indal Technologies, Inc. This discrete segment develops one prototype and nine additional ASIST-equipped H-65s that are compatible with the National Security Cutter for shipboard helicopter operations.

Discrete Segment 6 (H-65/MCH Phase III)

This segment is currently the final planned phase for H-65 upgrades. It addresses the remaining aircraft subsystem obsolescence issues and provides further enhanced capabilities, including replacement of the analog automatic flight control system with a digital system, a digital "glass" cockpit using common rotary wing avionics architecture, and digital weather radar. Following this upgrade, the aircraft will be designated as MH-65E.

C-37 Gulfstream V

(USCG fact file) Pax: 19

A single VC-37A aircraft is assigned to Reagan National Airport to serve as a long-range command and control aircraft that can be used to provide transportation for high-level Coast Guard and Homeland Security officials. It is capable of nonstop flight to any location in the United States. It is known as Coast Guard 01 or 101. CG 01 is the only ACARS equipped CG aircraft and uses the ident "1".

The USCG leased another Gulfstream V in September 2011 after returning their C-143A.

Unmanned Aerial Systems (UAS) Program

The Coast Guard has developed a UAS acquisition strategy to acquire both low-altitude, cutter-based, tactical UASs and mid-altitude, land-based, long range UASs. The UAS acquisition strategy emphasizes commonality with existing DHS and DoD programs.

In November 2008, the Coast Guard experimented with dry-fitting the Navy's RQ-8 Fire Scout aboard the NSC. The tests, which did not involve launch and recovery from the cutter's flight deck, showed that an unmanned aircraft could be loaded, moved, and hangared aboard the NSC.

In 2008, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the Coast Guard established a Joint Program Office to coordinate maritime land-based UAS policy and operations. In 2009, CBP acquired its first maritime-variant Predator UAS, the MQ-9 Guardian. Coast Guard and CBP flight crews have jointly operated the Guardian at Cape Canaveral Air Force Station, Fla., and Corpus Christi, Texas, since 2010.

For cutter-based UAS solutions, the Coast Guard is monitoring the U.S. Navy's ship-based UAS program. While awaiting progression on the major system acquisition, the Coast Guard is pursuing a non-major acquisition of a small UAS for the NSC as an interim, cost-effective UAS capability.

Aircraft Crashes & Accidents

(Since 1993)

MH-65C # 6535 crashed in Mobile Bay, AL on February 28th, 2012 while conducting a night training mission.
July 7, 2010 - MH-60T # 6017 en route from Astoria, Oregon to Sitka, Alaska crashed into the water off James Island, WA at 9:32 a.m. after striking power lines with it's tail.
Three of four crewmembers were killed.
April 29, 2010 - MH-65C # 6581 from CGAS Humboldt Bay crashed at the airport in Arcata at 10:55 a.m. The crew was conducting a training mission at the time of the incident.
All three aviators walked away from the incident.
April 20, 2010 - HH-65C # 6523 crashed during a nighttime training evolution in southern Lake Huron at approximately 9:45 p.m. The helicopter crew was conducting nighttime hoist training with Station Port Huron when the aircraft crashed into the water.
All three crew members were able to safely exit the helicopter and were recovered by the crew of a Station Port Huron 41-foot utility boat.
March 3, 2010 - MH-60T # 6028 crashed 40 miles southeast of Salt Lake City, Utah at 10:30am.
The helicopter was returning from the Winter Olympic Games in Vancouver. The aircraft refueled in Salt Lake City and planned on flying to Colorado it went down in the snow.
All five people on board survived the crash.
November 17, 2009 - HU-25 # 2139 suffered a collapsed nose landing gear while landing at Eagle County Regional Airport in Gypsum, Colorado.
The Corpus Christi based aircraft had been conducting a training flight in the area. Upon landing, the crew noticed an abnormal vibration before the nose landing gear collapsed causing the aircraft to skid down the runway. The crew deployed a dragchute, which helped the Falcon decelerate and come to a stop 500 feet from the end of the runway.
October 29, 2009 - HC-130H # 1705 collided with a Marine helicopter and crashed into the ocean 15 miles east of San Clemente Island off the coast of San Diego.
The Sacramento based aircraft was searching for an overdue 12-foot pleasure craft when there was a collision with a Marine Corps AH-1 Cobra helicopter at 1915 Pacific local time.
The seven man crew perished.

September 4, 2008 - HH-65C # 6505 crashed approximately five miles south of Honolulu International Airport.

The helicopter's crew had just completed search and rescue drills with a 47-foot motor lifeboat from Station Honolulu when it went down at 8:15 p.m. The Coast Guard was notified by the FAA and immediately launched a C-130 search plane from Air Station Barbers Point.

A crew on board an inbound Air Force C-17 to Honolulu International saw the Coast Guard helicopter go down and circled the site until a rescue boat from the Honolulu Fire Department could get on scene.

The four man crew perished. June 28, 2006 - HC-130H # 1710 suffered damage during landing on St. Paul Island, in the Bering Sea. The Kodiak based aircraft was on a logistics mission, transporting equipment. After the aircraft touched down, it departed the left side of the runway, damaging the right wing and separating one of the four propellers. The aircraft came to rest 50 yards left of the runway. There were no reported injuries to the nine Coast Guard personnel on board the aircraft. February 11, 2006 - HH-65B # 6546 from CGAS Humboldt Bay crashed into the surf off Eureka, CA while rescuing several persons in the water. The crew survived without injury. The helo washed ashore. December 8, 2004 - HH-60J # 6020 from CGAS Kodiak was evacuating crewmembers off the grounded Malaysian freighter Selendang Ayu off Unalaska Island when it was engulfed by a huge wave of water. The engines flamed out and the helicopter fell into the sea. An HH-65 rescued the three Coast Guard aviators, who were wearing survival suits, and one of the crewmen. After transporting the four crash survivors to Dutch Harbor, the HH-65 returned to hoist the 6020 rescue swimmer and Selendang Ayu master from the bow section of the sinking vessel. June 8, 1997 - HH-65A # 6549 from CGAS Humboldt Bay was responding to a sailing vessel taking on water at night in poor weather conditions and high seas. It is believed that the aircraft impacted the water while attempting to make an approach to the vessel. The four man crew perished. July 12, 1994 - HH-65A # 6541 from CGAS Humboldt Bay was responding to a grounded sailing vessel. It was dark and the weather was poor as the crew attempted to descend through the fog to assist the vessel in distress. The helicopter impacted the side of a cliff and the entire four man crew was lost. August 31, 1993 - HH-65A # 6594 from CGAS Brooklyn was delivering aids to navigation personnel and equipment to the Ambrose light tower. The helicopter landed short of the elevated helipad. The left main gear struck the edge of the pad, resulting in a rollover. The aircraft fell to the sea 100 feet below. Both pilots perished in the accident.

USCG Surface Asset Guide

Legends Class National Security Cutter (NSC/WMSL)

Length: 418 feet

Speed: 28 kts

Displacement: 4,300 tons Range: 12.000 nautical miles

Propulsion: CODAG (Combined Diesel and Gas) 1 Gas Turbine, 2 Diesels/Bow Thruster

Endurance: 60 Days

Aircraft: (2) H-60/H-65 helicopters or (4) VUAV unmanned aircraft

Boats: (2) Long Range Interceptors operating up to 200 miles away from NSC and (1) Short Range

Prosecutor

Crew (max): 18 Officers, 106 Enlisted

Armament: 57mm gun and MK 160 Gun Fire Control System, Close-In Weapons System with a SLQ-32 Electronic Warfare System, cruise-missile defenses with countermeasures consisting of SRBOC/NULKA chaff and rapid decoy launcher and Specific Emitter Identification (SEI) Sensor System that identifies other boats by their unique noise and radio waves. Will also include CBR defense capabilities. Four .50 cal machine guns also.

Cost per unit: \$355 million Planned Quantity: 6-8 cutters

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WMSL 750 WMSL 751 WMSL 752 WMSL 753 WMSL 754 WMSL 755 WMSL 756	Bertholf Waesche Stratton Hamilton James Munro Kimball	NBCQ NBGN NHTC NMAG NJAM NFDF	Alameda, CA Alameda, CA Alameda, CA Charleston, SC Charleston, SC	
WMSL 757	Midgett	NHWR		

The NSC was designed to be the flagship of the fleet – capable of meeting all maritime security mission needs. The NSC contributes to Intelligence Collection/Information Sharing through a sophisticated S/SCIF, SEI sensors and increased data exchange bandwidth. The NSC's DoD interoperability capabilities are enhanced with DHS and local responder interoperable radio communications. The NSC flight deck accommodates all variants of DHS and DoD HH-60 helicopters to provide enhanced interoperability with interagency and inter-service counter-terrorism teams. The NSC will now be fully integrated with the National Distress Response Modernization Program, known as RESCUE 21, which will provide the port commanders with real-time tracking of the NSC and seamless Common Operational Picture/MDA data sharing, including the Automated Identification System (AIS). The NSC Anti-Terrorism/Force Protection suite will include underwater sonar that will allow the cutter to scan ports, approaches, facilities and high-value assets for underwater, mine like devices and detect swimmers. The cutter's small arms mounts will be remote operated and fully integrated with the cutter's radar and infrared sensors such that the cutter and high-value assets under its protection can be protected from a USS COLE-like incident. The Maritime Security Capabilities allow cutter's weapons and command and control suite to be upgraded and hardened to better survive potential terrorist incidents and process increased data flow. This will include SRBOC/NULKA missile defense system with CIWS, SLQ-32, and a medium caliber deck gun (57MM) that will provide the ability to stop roque merchant vessels far from shore. An integrated CBRNE Detection and Defense capability allows the NSC to remain on scene and operate in Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) scenarios.

Hamilton Class High-Endurance Cutter

Length: 378 feet

Displacement: 3,300 tons Range: 9,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: CODAG (Combined Diesel and Gas) 2 Gas Turbines, 2 Diesels

Speed: 29 kts

Aircraft: 1 MH-65 helicopter

Crew: 167

Years Built: 1967-1972

Armament: 76mm gun, 1 20mm Phalanx CIWS, cruise-missile defenses with countermeasures consisting of 2 SRBOC chaff and rapid decoy launchers. Two .50 caliber machine guns, 2 25mm Bushmaster guns. Remarks: Large frigate-like patrol ships, intended for open-ocean, long-range operations. Equipped with

SIPRNET. The 378-foot cutters typically operate 185 days away from home port per year.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WHEC 724	Boutwell Sherman Morgenthau	NMEL NYCQ NMMJ NDWA NGDF NHWR	Seattle, WA Alameda, CA Alameda, CA Alameda, CA Kodiak, AK Seattle, WA	

Offshore Patrol Cutter (OPC/WMSM)

Length: 320-360 feet Displacement: 3,200 Tons

Speed: 22-25 kts

Range: 7,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 4 Diesels Endurance: 45 Days

Aircraft: 1 H-65 Boats: 2 LRI or 2 SRP

Crew: 16 Officers, 75 Enlisted

Armament: 57mm gun, MK15 CIWS, SLQ-32, SRBOC/NULKA

Number planned: 25

OPC will feature increased range and endurance (60–90 day patrol cycles); more powerful weapons; larger flight decks; chem-bio & radiological environmental hazard detection and defense; and improved C4ISR equipment. The cutters will be equipped with air and surface search radars and target classification sensors. The cutters' mission influence will be extended by aircraft and a new generation of cutter boats.

The WMSM cutters will have stern ramp to accommodate small boat launch and recovery in higher sea states than conventional davit systems aboard legacy cutters. The new generation of cutter boats, including the Long Range Interceptor and Short Range Prosecutor, improve a cutter crew's over-the-horizon and local force protection capabilities.

Famous Class Medium-Endurance Cutter

Length: 270 feet Speed: 19 kts

Displacement: 1,800 tons Range: 12,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 2 Diesels Aircraft: 1 MH-65 helicopter

Crew: 100

Years Built: 1983-1991

Armament: 76mm gun, cruise-missile defenses with countermeasures consisting of 2 SRBOC chaff and

rapid decoy launchers and SLQ-32 EW system. Two .50 caliber machine guns.

Remarks: Multipurpose cutters designed for general patrol duties; fitted with a telescoping helicopter hangar. Designed for 14-day patrols, they are commonly forced to carry out 90-day patrols in the Caribbean. Equipped with ALE & SIPRNET.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WMEC 901	Bear	NRKN	Portsmouth, VA	
WMEC 902	Tampa	NIKL	Portsmouth, VA	
WMEC 903	Harriet Lane	NHNC	Portsmouth, VA	
WMEC 904	Northland	NLGF	Portsmouth, VA	
WMEC 905	Spencer	NWHE	Boston, MA	
WMEC 906	Seneca	NFMK	Boston, MA	
WMEC 907	Escanaba	NNAS	Boston, MA	
WMEC 908	Tahoma	NCBE	Kittery, ME	
WMEC 909	Campbell	NRDC	Kittery, ME	
WMEC 910	Thetis	NYWL	Key West, FL	
WMEC 911	Forward	NICB	Portsmouth, VA	
WMEC 912	Legare	NRPM	Portsmouth, VA	
WMEC 913	Mohawk	NRUF	Key West, FL	

Reliance Class Medium-Endurance Cutter

Length: 210 feet Speed: 18 kts

Displacement: 1,020 tons Range: 12,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 2 Diesels Aircraft: 1 MH-65 helicopter

Crew: 75

Years Built: 1964-1969

Armament: 1 25mm gun, two .50 caliber machine guns.

Remarks: Equipped with SIPRNET.

Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
Reliance Diligence Vigilant Active Confidence Resolute Valiant Steadfast Dauntless Venturous Dependable Vigorous Decisive	NJPJ NMUD NHIC NRTF NHKW NRLT NVAI NSTF NDTS NVES NOWK NQSP NUHC	Kittery, ME Wilmington, NC Cape Canaveral, FL Port Angeles, WA Cape Canaveral, FL St. Petersburg, FL NS Mayport, FL Astoria, OR Galveston, TX St. Petersburg, FL Little Creek, VA Little Creek, VA Pascagoula, MS	
Alert	N∠VE	Astoria, OR	
	Reliance Diligence Vigilant Active Confidence Resolute Valiant Steadfast Dauntless Venturous Dependable Vigorous	Reliance NJPJ Diligence NMUD Vigilant NHIC Active NRTF Confidence NHKW Resolute NRLT Valiant NVAI Steadfast NSTF Dauntless NDTS Venturous NVES Dependable NOWK Vigorous NQSP Decisive NUHC	Reliance NJPJ Kittery, ME Diligence NMUD Wilmington, NC Vigilant NHIC Cape Canaveral, FL Active NRTF Port Angeles, WA Confidence NHKW Cape Canaveral, FL Resolute NRLT St. Petersburg, FL Valiant NVAI NS Mayport, FL Steadfast NSTF Astoria, OR Dauntless NDTS Galveston, TX Venturous NVES St. Petersburg, FL Dependable NOWK Little Creek, VA Vigorous NQSP Little Creek, VA Decisive NUHC Pascagoula, MS

Alex Haley Class Large Patrol Cutter

Length: 282 feet Speed: 18 kts

Displacement: 3,000 tons Range: 12,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 4 Diesels

Aircraft: 1 MH-65/MH-60 helicopter

Crew: 99 Built: 1971

Armament: 2 25mm guns, two .50 caliber machine guns.

Remarks: Former USN salvage tug transferred to USCG and converted to operate in Alaskan waters as a patrol and rescue ship. The conversion included addition of a helicopter deck aft. The ship retains a heavy towing capability, but most salvage gear was removed. A helo hangar has now been added.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WMEC 39	Alex Haley	NZPO	Kodiak, AK	

Sentinel Class Fast Response Cutter

Length: 153 feet

Displacement: 353 tons

Speed: 28 kts

Propulsion: 2 diesels Endurance: 5 days Aircraft: None Boats: 1 SRP

Crew: 2 Officers, 20 Enlisted

Armament: 1-25mm remote chain gun, 4-.50 cal machine guns

Planned Quantity: 58 cutters

Remarks: Replacement for the 110-foot patrol boats. Damen 4708 design built by Bollinger Shipyards.

The Coast Guard awarded a contract option for approximately \$141 million to Bollinger Shipyards of Lockport, La., on December 15, 2009 to begin production on three Sentinel-class Fast Response Cutters (FRC).

The current Sentinel contract is worth up to \$1.5 billion if all options for 34 cutters are exercised. The Coast Guard plans to build 58 Sentinel-class Fast Response Cutters.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WPC 1101 WPC 1102 WPC 1103 WPC 1105 WPC 1106 WPC 1107 WPC 1108 WPC 1109 WPC 1110 WPC 1111 WPC 1111 WPC 1111 WPC 1111 WPC 1111 WPC 1111	Bernard C. Webber Richard Etheridge William Flores Robert Yered Margaret Norvell Paul Clark Charles David Charles Sexton Kathleen Moore Raymond Evans William Trump Isaac Mayo Richard Dixon Heriberto Hernandez Joseph Napier	NPEG NJFB NILB NAGP NFPE NAAD NAKJ NDRA NDVB NEJA NECW NEAP	Miami Miami Miami Miami Miami Miami Miami Miami Key West San Juan, PR San Juan, PR	
	L S.L			

WPC 1116	Winslow Griesser	San Juan, PR
WPC 1117	Richard Patterson	San Juan, PR
WPC 1118	Joseph Tezanos	San Juan, PR
WPC 1119	Rollin Fritch	Pascagoula, Miss.
WPC 1120	Lawrence Lawson	Pascagoula, Miss.
WPC 1121	John McCormick	Ketchikan, Alaska
WPC 1122	Bailey Barco	Ketchikan, Alaska
WPC 1123	Benjamin Dailey	
WPC 1124	Donald Horsley	
WPC 1125	Jacob Poroo	

110 Foot Island Class Patrol Boat

Length: 110 feet Speed: 29 kts

Displacement: 154 tons Range: 1,900 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 16

Built: 1986-1992

Armament: 1 25mm Bushmaster gun, two .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: General-purpose patrol boats, suited mainly for SAR and law enforcement. They were constructed in three batches, with various impovements and changes. Although intended for 10-14 day local patrols, they are making Caribbean patrols of up to 60 days. Planned for a service life of only 15 years. Conversion of 110 foot boats to 123 feet was stopped at 8 hulls.

The 110' cutters have received Mission Effectiveness Program (MEP) updates which will add 15 years to their life. All the 110' MEP cutters receive hull renewal plus electronics upgrades, renewed electric cabling, new ship surface diesel generator and switchboard replacement, the FM-200 fire suppression installation, gyrocompass & autopilot installation, and the main diesel engine control replacement.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WPB 1301	Farallon	NABK	Miami Beach, FL	MEP modified
WPB 1304	Maui	NBEI	Miami Beach, FL	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1307	Ocracoke	NGBL	South Portland, ME	MEP modified
WPB 1309	Aquidneck	NBTC	Atlantic Beach, NC	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1310	Mustang	NJSH	Seward, AK	
WPB 1311	Naushon	NEWR	Ketchikan, AK	MEP modified
WPB 1312	Sanibel	NDCK	Woods Hole, MA	MEP modified
WPB 1313	Edisto	NLKY	San Diego, CA	MEP modified
WPB 1314	Sapelo	NHKD	San Juan, PR	
WPB 1315	Matinicus	NDIS	San Juan, PR	
WPB 1316	Nantucket	NKVQ	Atlantic Beach, NC	MEP modified
WPB 1318	Baranof	NCUI	Miami Beach, FL	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1319	Chandeleur	NFFS	Ketchikan, AK	
WPB 1321	Cushing	NOFR	San Juan, PR	MEP modified
WPB 1322	Cuttyhunk	NEDI	Port Angeles, WA	MEP modified
WPB 1323	Drummond	NHSD	Miami Beach, FL	
WPB 1324	Key Largo	NGEI	Gloucester, MA	
WPB 1326	Monomoy	NKEC	Woods Hole, MA	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1327	Orcas	NTBZ	Coos Bay, OR	-
WPB 1329	Sitkinak	NBNW	Miami Beach, FL	MEP modified

WPB 1330	Tybee	NERH	Woods Hole, MA	MEP modified
WPB 1331	Washington	NVMJ	Apra Harbor, Guam	
WPB 1332	Wrangell	NFWC	South Portland, ME	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1333	Adak	NZRW	Sandy Hook, NJ	Deployed to CENTCOM
WPB 1334	Liberty	NJHT	Auke Bay, AK	
WPB 1335	Anacapa	NEXY	Petersburg, AK	MEP modified
WPB 1336	Kiska	NUSF	Hilo, HI	
WPB 1337	Assateague	NDRV	Apra Harbor, Guam	
WPB 1341	Kodiak Island	NWHD	Atlantic Beach, NC	
WPB 1342	Long Island	NOQU	Valdez, AK	
WPB 1346	Roanoke Island	NEXP	Homer, AK	
WPB 1349	Galveston Island	NRLP	Honolulu, HI	

87 Foot Marine Protector Class Patrol Boat

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Length: 87 feet Speed: 25 kts

Displacement: 91 tons Range: 900 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 10 Built: 1998-2005

Armament: Two .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: The 87' Coastal Patrol Boat has several enhancements over the 82s, including improved mission sea keeping abilities (up to sea state 5) and significantly upgraded habitability. It also employs an innovative stern launch and recovery system using an Aluminum hulled inboard diesel powered water jet small boat. The vastly larger pilot house is equipped with an integrated bridge system including an electronic chart display system (ECDIS) which interfaces with the CG's new surface search radar. SWIII computers along with a fiber optic network will also be installed, allowing the crew to access the vessel's CD-ROM tech pubs and drawings.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WPB 87301 WPB 87302 WPB 87303 WPB 87304 WPB 87305 WPB 87306 WPB 87307 WPB 87308 WPB 87309 WPB 87310 WPB 87311 WPB 87312 WPB 87312 WPB 87313 WPB 87315 WPB 87317 WPB 87317 WPB 87318 WPB 87319 WPB 87320		NT. C/S NIUD NHAM NYVC NJZP NBRG NJEC NBRF NZPU NZRG NTWX NTXJ NTXR NTMF NTMF NTMR NTMR NTMV NTNL NTQA NRKI NRKG NRKD	Eureka, CA Woods Hole, MA Cape May, NJ Ft. Meyers, FL Mobile, AL Crescent City, CA Port Townsend, WA New London, CT Little Creek, VA Tybee Island, GA Mobile, AL Monterey, CA Ft. Pierce, FL Cape May, NJ Port Isabel, TX Nawiliwili, HI Santa Barbara, CA Ft. Pierce, FL Charleston, SC Freeport, TX	
WPB 87321	Coho	NARU	Panama City, FL	

WPB 87322	Kingfisher	NPAL	Mayport, FL	
WPB 87323	Seahawk	NZTM	Carrabelle, FL	
WPB 87324	Steelhead	NITU	Port Aransas, TX	
WPB 87325	Beluga	NZSR	Little Creek, VA	
WPB 87326	Blacktip	NMHU	Oxnard, CA	
WPB 87327	Pelican	NFSH	Abbeville, LA	
WPB 87328	Ridley	NRDD	Montauk, NY	
WPB 87329	Cochito	NDCV	Little Creek, VA	
WPB 87330	Man-O-War	NJQA	Galveston, TX	
WPB 87331	Moray	NJZP	Jonesport, ME	
WPB 87332	Razorbill	NJSJ	Gulfport, MS	
WPB 87333	Adelie	NTRK	Port Angeles, WA	
WPB 87334	Gannet	NUGW	Fort Lauderdale, FL	
WPB 87335	Narwhal	NTHA	Corona Del Mar, CA	
WPB 87336	Sturgeon	NTGT	Grand Isle, LA	
WPB 87337	Sockeye	NAVC	Bodega Bay, CA	
WPB 87338	Ibis	NWBC	Cape May, NJ	
WPB 87339	Pompano	NVIP	Gulfport, MS	
WPB 87340	Halibut	NNGH	Marina Del Rey, CA	
WPB 87341	Bonito	NNGB	Pensacola, FL	
WPB 87342	Shrike	NPBG	Port Canaveral, FL	
WPB 87343	Tern	NEOT	San Francisco, CA	
WPB 87344	Heron	NEPM	Sabine, TX	
WPB 87345	Wahoo	NEOB	Port Angeles, WA	
WPB 87346	Flying Fish	NAXN	Boston, MA	
WPB 87347	Haddock	NAXP	San Diego, CA	
WPB 87348	Brant	NAYS	Corpus Christi, TX	
WPB 87349	Shearwater	NAYT	Portsmouth, VA	
WPB 87350	Petrel	NAYU	San Diego, CA	
WPB 87352	Sea Lion	NSDA	Bellingham, WA	
WPB 87353	Skipjack	NFOY	Galveston, TX	
WPB 87354	Dolphin	NAYL	Miami, FL	
WPB 87355	Hawk	NAWH	St. Petersburg, FL	
WPB 87356	Sailfish	NCNF	Sandy Hook, NJ	
WPB 87357	Sawfish	NBCU	Key West, FL	
WPB 87358	Swordfish	NMXB	Port Angeles, WA	
WPB 87359	Tiger Shark		Newport, RI	
WPB 87360	Blue Shark		Everett, WA	
WPB 87361	Sea Horse		Portsmouth, VA	
WPB 87362	Sea Otter	NJOM	San Diego, CA	
WPB 87363	Manatee		Ingleside, TX	
WPB 87364	Ahi		Honolulu, HI	
WPB 87365	Pike		San Francisco, CA	
WPB 87366	Terrapin	NUOA	Bellingham, WA	
WPB 87367	Sea Dragon	NNGC	Kings Bay, GA	Assigned to MFPU Kings Bay
WPB 87368	Sea Devil	NSDD	Bangor, WA	5 5
WPB 87369	Alligator		St. Petersburg, FL	
WPB 87370	Diamondback		Miami, FL	
WPB 87371	Reef Shark	NTBD	San Juan, PR	
WPB 87372	Crocodile	NYNA	St. Petersburg, FL	
WPB 87373	Sea Dog	NOUA	Kings Bay, GA	Assigned to MFPU Kings Bay
WPB 87374	Sea Fox		Bangor, WA	Assigned to MFPU Bangor, WA

Length: 420 feet Speed: 17 kts

Displacement: 16,400 tons Range: 16,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 4 Diesels Aircraft: 2 MH-65s

Crew: 75 Built: 1999

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WAGB 20	Healy	NEPP	Seattle, WA	

Polar Class Icebreaker

Length: 399 feet Speed: 20 kts

Displacement: 16,400 tons Range: 28,000 nautical miles

Propulsion: 3 Gas Turbines, 6 Diesels

Aircraft: 2 MH-65s

Crew: 134 Built: 1976 Armament: none

Remarks: These cutters, specifically designed for open-water icebreaking have reinforced hulls, special icebreaking bows, and a system that allows rapid shifting of ballast to increase the effectiveness of their icebreaking. They serve in Arctic/Antarctic serving science and research as well as providing supplies to remote stations. Both Polar Class icebreakers are under the control of Pacific Area, Ice Operations

Section.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WAGB 10 WAGB 11		NBTM NRUO	Seattle, WA Seattle, WA	Mothballed

Great Lakes Class Icebreaker

Length: 240 feet Speed: 15 kts

Displacement: 3,500 tons Range: 4,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 3 Diesels, Bow Thruster

Aircraft: none Crew: 50 Built: 2005 Armament: none

Remarks: A new icebreaker to replace the current Mackinaw. A dual icebreaker/buoy tender combination.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLBB 30	Mackinaw	NBGB	Cheboygan, MI	

Juniper Class Seagoing Buoy Tender

Length: 225 feet Speed: 15 kts

Displacement: 2,000 tons Range: 6,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 40

Built: 1996-2004

Armament: Two .50 cal machine guns

Remarks: These are large, highly capable, multirole ships. There is a 15-ton hydraulic crane forward and there is a built-in oil spill recovery system. 45 day endurance. Capable of operations in 8-foot seas. Freshwater icebreaking capability. The 225' WLB is equipped with a single controllable pitch propeller, bow and stern thrusters which give the cutter the maneuverability it needs to tend buoys offshore and in restricted waters. Some are ALE equipped.

WLB 201 Juniper NDBC Newport, RI WLB 202 Willow NIIW Newport, RI WLB 203 Kukui NKJU Honolulu, HI WLB 204 Elm NRPK Atlantic Beach, NC WLB 205 Walnut NZNE Honolulu, HI WLB 206 Spar NJAR Kodiak, AK WLB 207 Maple NWBE Sitka, AK WLB 208 Aspen NTUG San Francisco, CA WLB 209 Sycamore NTGG Cordova, AK WLB 210 Cypress NCPI Mobile, AL WLB 211 Oak NAXQ Charleston, SC WLB 212 Hickory NAZJ Homer, AK WLB 213 Fir NAYV Astoria, OR WLB 214 Hollyhock NHHF Port Huron, MI	Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLB 215 Sequoia NBHF Apra Harbor, Guam WLB 216 Alder NGML Duluth, MI	WLB 202 WLB 203 WLB 204 WLB 205 WLB 206 WLB 207 WLB 208 WLB 210 WLB 211 WLB 211 WLB 212 WLB 213 WLB 214 WLB 215	Willow Kukui Elm Walnut Spar Maple Aspen Sycamore Cypress Oak Hickory Fir Hollyhock Sequoia	NIIW NKJU NRPK NZNE NJAR NWBE NTUG NTGG NCPI NAXQ NAZJ NAYV NHHF NBHF	Newport, RI Honolulu, HI Atlantic Beach, NC Honolulu, HI Kodiak, AK Sitka, AK San Francisco, CA Cordova, AK Mobile, AL Charleston, SC Homer, AK Astoria, OR Port Huron, MI Apra Harbor, Guam	

Keeper Class Coastal Buoy Tender

Length: 175 feet Speed: 12 kts

Displacement: 840 tons Range: 2,000 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels, 2 Z-Drives

Crew: 24

Built: 1996-2000

Remarks: Scaled-down version of the Juniper class with a 10 ton hydraulic crane forward; freshwater icebreaking capability, and oil spill recovery system. They are the first Coast Guard cutters equipped with Z-Drive propulsion units instead of the standard propeller and rudder configuration. They are designed to independently rotate 360 degrees. Combined with a thruster in the bow, they give the Keeper -class cutters unmatched maneuverability.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLM 551	Ida Lewis	NISS	Newport, RI	

WLM 552	Katherine Walker	NKFW	Bayonne, NJ
WLM 553	Abbie Burgess	NVAF	Rockland, ME
WLM 554	Marcus Hanna	NMGH	South Portland, ME
WLM 555	James Rankin	NUVD	Baltimore, MD
WLM 556	Joshua Appleby	NJTH	St. Petersburg, FL
WLM 557	Frank Drew	NKDL	Portsmouth, VA
WLM 558	Anthony Petit	NERW	Ketchikan, AK
WLM 559	Barbara Mabrity	NERA	Mobile, AL
WLM 560	William Tate	NNIA	Philadelphia, PA
WLM 561	Harry Claiborne	NNIC	Galveston, TX
WLM 562	Maria Bray	NTUU	Mayport, FL
WLM 563	Henry Blake	NTVT	Seattle, WA
WLM 564	George Cobb	NTVY	San Pedro, CA

100 Foot Inland Buoy Tender

Length: 100 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 226 tons Range: 2,700 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 15

Built: 1945, 1964

Hull	Name		INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLI 313 WLI 642	Bluebell Buckthorn	NODD NADT		and, OR St. Marie. MI	

65 Foot Inland Buoy Tender

Length: 65 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 70 tons Range: 1,300 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 8

Built: 1946-1954

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLI 65303 WLI 65400	•	NAAR	Long Beach, NC Portsmouth, VA	Decom in FY 09 Mothballed 12-6-05
WLI 65401	Elderberry	NAAT	Petersburg, AK	

160 Foot Inland Construction Tender

Length: 160 feet Speed: 11 kts

Displacement: 460 tons Range: 5,350 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels Crew: 14 Built: 1976-1977

Remarks: Large, modern inland construction tenders. Self-contained ships, not requiring a separate work

barge; they have a large crane on a long working deck.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLIC 800 WLIC 801		NAYE NCWX	New Orleans, LA Miami, FL	
WLIC 802	Kennebec	NRDJ	Portsmouth, VA	
WLIC 803	Saginaw	NJOY	Mobile, AL	

100 Foot Inland Construction Tender

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Length: 100 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 218 tons Range: 2,700 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 14 Built: 1944

Remarks: Smilax pushes a 70' construction barge.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLIC 315	Smilax	NRYN	Atlantic Beach, NC	

75 Foot Inland Construction Tender

Length: 75 feet Speed: 9 kts

Displacement: 140 tons Range: 2,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 13 Built: 1962-1966

Remarks: The 75' WLICs push 68' and 84' construction barges. The barges are equipped with cranes and

other ATON equipment to drive piles and work the smaller sized buoys.

Hull N	lame	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLIC 75301 WLIC 75302 WLIC 75303 WLIC 75304 WLIC 75305 WLIC 75306 WLIC 75309 WLIC 75310	Anvil Hammer Sledge Mallet Vise Clamp Hatchet Axe	NAAG NAAE NJEB NVGM NSDL NXLA	Charleston, SC Mayport, FL Baltimore, MD Corpus Christi, TX St. Petersburg, FL Galveston, TX Galveston, TX Mobile, AL	

65 Foot River Buoy Tender

Length: 65 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 146 tons Range: 3,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 12

Built: 1960-1962

Remarks: Tug-type tenders for the western rivers; each pushes a buoy barge.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLR 65501 WLR 65502 WLR 65503 WLR 65504 WLR 65505 WLR 65506	Cimarron Obion Scioto Osage	NACE NACH NADE NADS NADC NADR	Chattanooga, TN Paris Landing, TN Owensboro, KY Keokuk, IA Sewickley, PA Peoria, IL	

75 Foot River Buoy Tender

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Length: 75 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 150 tons Range: 3,100 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 19 Built: 1964-1970

Remarks: Tug-type tenders for the western rivers; each pushes a 90 foot barge.

Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
Wedge	NAEQ	Demopolis, AL	
Gasconade	NSAU	Omaha, NE	
Muskingum	NBLF	Sallisaw, OK	
Wyaconda	NAGA	Dubuque, IA	
Chippewa	NCHP	Paris Landing, TN	
Cheyenne	NAGF	St. Louis, MO	
Kickapoo	NAHN	Vicksburg, MS	
Kanawha	NAKP	Pine Bluff, AR	
Patoka	NAKC	Greenville, MS	
Chena	NAMM	Hickman, KY	
	Wedge Gasconade Muskingum Wyaconda Chippewa Cheyenne Kickapoo Kanawha Patoka	Wedge NAEQ Gasconade NSAU Muskingum NBLF Wyaconda NAGA Chippewa NCHP Cheyenne NAGF Kickapoo NAHN Kanawha NAKP Patoka NAKC	Wedge NAEQ Demopolis, AL Gasconade NSAU Omaha, NE Muskingum NBLF Sallisaw, OK Wyaconda NAGA Dubuque, IA Chippewa NCHP Paris Landing, TN Cheyenne NAGF St. Louis, MO Kickapoo NAHN Vicksburg, MS Kanawha NAKP Pine Bluff, AR Patoka NAKC Greenville, MS

Kankakee Class 75 Foot River Buoy Tender

Length: 75 feet Speed: 12 kts

Displacement: 172 tons Range: 3,100 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Crew: 19 Built: 1990

Remarks: New tug-type tenders. Push 130 foot buoy barges.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WLR 75500 WLR 75501		NAMR NAOA	Memphis, TN Natchez, MS	

49 Foot Stern Loading Buoy Boat

Length: 49 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 36 tons Range: 300 miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels Endurance: 4 days

Crew: 4

Built: 1997-2002

Remarks: The BUSL fleet was constructed at the Coast Guard Yard in Baltimore, MD. They are designed to provide a stable, versatile platform capable of operating in ocean harbors, major lakes, or navigable rivers, and can recover short range aids to navigation items. Their A-frame crane is rated at 4,500 lbs.

Hull	Homeport	Remarks
BUSL 49401	ANT Bristol	
BUSL 49402	ANT Sledge/Baltimore	
BUSL 49403	ANT Woods Hole	
BUSL 49404	ANT Saugerties	
BUSL 49405	ANT New York	
BUSL 49406	ANT Moriches	
BUSL 49407	ANT Cape May	
BUSL 49408	ANT Charleston	
BUSL 49409	ANT New York	
BUSL 49410	ANT Long Island Sound	
BUSL 49411	ANT Long Island Sound	
BUSL 49412	ANT Grand Haven	
BUSL 49413	ANT Buffalo	
BUSL 49414	STA Burlington	
BUSL 49415	ANT Panama City	
BUSL 49416	ANT Jacksonville	
BUSL 49417	ANT Boston	
BUSL 49418	ANT Boston	
BUSL 49419	ANT South Portland	
BUSL 49420	ANT South Portland	
BUSL 49421	ANT Southwest Harbor	
BUSL 49422	ANT Saginaw River	
BUSL 49423	ANT Duluth	
BUSL 49424	ANT Detroit	
BUSL 49425	ANT Crisfield	
BUSL 49426	ANT Corpus Christi	
BUSL 49427	ANT Bristol	
BUSL 49428	ANT Baltimore	

55 Foot Aid-to-Navigation Boat

Length: 55 feet

Speed: 21.5 kts Displacement: 34 tons Range: 175 miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels Endurance: 4-5 days

Crew: 4

Built: 1977-1988

Remarks: The 55-foot boats service small buoys and service fixed structures. They have a lifting capacity of 2,000/3,000 lbs. and a cargo capacity of 8,000 lbs. The boats are designed for live-aboard and have small repair shops for repairing ATONS while underway.

Hull	Homeport	Remarks
ANB 55101		
ANB 55102	Oal aster TV	
ANB 55103 ANB 55104	Galveston, TX	
ANB 55104 ANB 55105		
ANB 55106		
ANB 55107	ANT Seattle, WA	
ANB 55108	ANT New Orleans, LA	
ANB 55109	ANT Fort Macon, NC	
ANB 55110	Sabine Pass, TX	
ANB 55111		
ANB 55112 ANB 55113		
ANB 55114		
ANB 55115	ANT Philadelphia, PA	
ANB 55116		
ANB 55117		
ANB 55118		
ANB 55119		
ANB 55120	ANT D. K	
ANB 55121	ANT Baltimore	
ANB 55122		

Bay Class Icebreaking Tug

Length: 140 feet Speed: 14 kts

Displacement: 690 tons Range: 1,500 nautical miles Propulsion: 2 Diesels

Aircraft: none Crew: 17

Built: 1979-1988

Armament: 2 machine guns

Remarks: The 140-foot Bay-class Cutters are state of the art icebreakers used primarily for domestic ice breaking duties. They are named after American Bays and are stationed mainly in Northeast U.S. and Great Lakes. WTGBs use a low-pressure-air hull lubrication or bubbler system that forces air and water between the hull and ice. This system improves icebreaking capabilities by reducing resistance against the hull, reducing horsepower requirements. ALE equipped.

Hull	Name	INT. C/S	Homeport

WTGB 101	Katamai Bay	NRLX	Sault St. Marie, MI
WTGB 102	Bristol Bay	NRLY	Detroit, MI
WTGB 103	Mobile Bay	NRUR	Sturgeon Bay, WI
WTGB 104	Biscayne Bay	NRUS	St. Ignace, MI
WTGB 105	Neah Bay	NRUU	Cleveland, MI
WTGB 106	Morro Bay	NMHK	New London, CT
WTGB 107	Penobscot Bay	NIGY	Bayonne, NJ
WTGB 108	Thunder Bay	NNTB	Rockland, ME
WTGB 109	Sturegon Bay	NSXB	Bayonne, NJ

65 Foot Harbor Tugs

Length: 65 feet Speed: 10 kts

Displacement: 72 tons Range: 2,700 nautical miles

Propulsion: 1 Diesel

Crew: 6

Built: 1961-1967

Remarks: They are employed only on the east coast, from Maine to Virginia.

Hull N	lame	INT. C/S	Homeport	Remarks
WYTL 65601 WYTL 65602 WYTL 65604 WYTL 65607 WYTL 65608 WYTL 65610 WYTL 65611 WYTL 65611	Capstan Chock Tackle Bridle Pendant Shackle Hawser Line Wire	NACB NASB NASM NATC NATN NAYP NAYC NAOF NDSB	Philadelphia, PA Curtis Bay, MD Rockland, ME Southwest Harbor, ME Boston, MA South Portland, ME Bayonne, NJ Bayonne, NJ Saugerties, NY	
WYTL 65614 WYTL 65615	Bollard Cleat	NNGP NDLA	New Haven, CT Philadelphia, PA	

Eagle Training Barque

Length: 295 feet Speed: 10-18 kts

Displacement: 1,816 tons Range: 5,450 nautical miles

Propulsion: 1 Diesel Crew: 50 + 150 Built: 1936

Remarks: Coast Guard Academy training ship

Hull Name INT. C/S Homeport Remarks

WIX 327 Eagle NRCB New London, CT

Long Range Interceptor - II

Length: 35 feet Speed: 40 kts Range: 240NM Planned Quantity: 10 Capacity: 15 persons

The new 35-feet Long Ranger Interceptors (LRI-II) are being introduced for the National Security Cutters.

Over the Horizon - IV

Length: 26 feet Speed: 40 kts Range: 200NM

Planned Quantity: 101

The OTH-IV boat provides the capability to deploy armed boarding teams within 20 miles of the parent cutter at speeds of 40 knots. They are carried on National Security Cutters and Fast Response Cutters.

47-foot Motor Lifeboat

Length: 47 feet

Remarks: The 47' motor lifeboat is designed as a first response rescue resource in high seas, surf & heavy weather environments. They are built to withstand the most severe conditions at sea and are capable of effecting a rescue at sea even under the most difficult circumstances. They are self-bailing, self-righting, almost unsinkable, and have a long cruising radius for their size. If overturned, the vessel will return to an upright position in 30 seconds or less. It is the replacement for the aging 44' MLB fleet.

The total, to be delivered over 5 years, will be 200.

45-foot Response Boat-Medium

Length: 45 feet Speed: 42.5 kts Range: 250 NM

Remarks: To replace the 41-foot boats in service. 180 to 250 boats planned between 2008 and 2018.

Built by Marinette Marine.

44-foot Response Boat-Medium

Length: 44 feet

Engines: Dual inboard jets

Remarks: ArchAngel model SAFE Boat.

42-foot Response Boat-Medium

Length: 42 feet

Engines: Dual inboard jets

Remarks: ArchAngel model SAFE Boat.

Hull	Homeport	Remarks
42001 42002	Chatham, MA Chatham, MA	

41-foot Utility Boat

The 41' UTB is the general workhorse at multi-mission units. It is designed to operate under moderate weather and sea conditions where its speed and maneuverability make it an ideal platform for a variety of missions.

There are presently 172 operational boats.

Hull	Homeport	Remarks
41304	Atlantic City, NJ	
41320	Boston, MA	
41330	Curtis Bay, MD	
41359	Curtis Bay, MD	
41361	Charleston, SC	
41372	Charleston, SC	
41395	Castle Hill, RI	
41398	Point Allerton	
41428	Tybee Island, GA	
41452	Curtis Bay, MD	
41453	Curtis Bay, MD	
41454	Curtis Bay, MD	
41492	Point Allerton	

33-foot Full Cabin SAFE Response Boat

-

Engines: Three outboards

Hull	Homeport	Remarks
33107 33109 33118 331255	South Padre Island, TX Miami, FL San Diego, CA	

27-foot Full Cabin SAFE Boat

Engines: Two outboards

Defender Class Response Boat-Small

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Length: 25 feet

Engines: Two 225 HP Four-stroke Gas Honda engines

Max Speed: 45+ knot

Cruising range of 50NM at 35 knots

Minimum crew of 2 Max seas of 6 ft.

Survivable in up to 10 ft. seas

Armament: Small Arms

Remarks: Developed in a direct response to the need for additional Homeland Security assets in the wake of the September 11th terrorist attacks, the Defender Class boats were procured under an emergency acquisition authority. With a contract for up to 700 standard response boats, the Defender Class acquisition is one of the largest boat buys of its type in the world. The 100 boat Defender A Class (RB-HS) fleet began arriving at units in May 2002 and continued through August 2003. After several configuration changes, most notably a longer cabin and shock mitigating rear seats, the Defender B Class (RB-S) boats were born. This fleet was first delivered to the field in Oct 2003, and there are currently 357 RB-S boats in operation.

The 457 Defender Class boats currently in operation are assigned to the Coast Guards Maritime Safety and Security Teams (MSST), Maritime Security Response Team (MSRT), Marine Safety Units (MSU), and Small Boat Stations throughout the Coast Guard. With an overall length of 25 feet, two 225 horsepower outboard engines, unique turning radius, and gun mounts boat forward and aft, the Defender Class boats are the ultimate waterborne assets for conducting fast and high speed maneuvering tactics in a small deployable package. This is evidenced in the fact that several Defender Class boats are already in operation by other Homeland Security Department agencies as well as foreign military services for their homeland security missions.

Response Boat-Small II

Leavelle 00 feet

Length: 29 feet Max Speed: 45+ knot

Cruising range of 150NM at 35 knots

Minimum crew of 2 Armament: Small Arms

The RB-S II, designed with an increased emphasis on function and crew comfort, will gradually replace the Defender-class RB-S as the older assets reach the end of their service life.

The Coast Guard awarded a delivery order valued at approximately \$13 million Sept. 26, 2011 to Metal Shark Aluminum Boats for the production of 38 RB-S II. The contract allows for the procurement of up to 500 boats. Up to 470 boats will be delivered to shore units throughout the Coast Guard to perform port and waterway security, search and rescue, drug and migrant interdiction, environmental and other law enforcement missions. Up to 20 boats may be ordered by Customs and Border Protection and up to ten by the U.S. Navy.

Another 48 boats were ordered in August 2015 bringing the number up to 207.

23-foot Center Console Response Boat-Small

23 foot center console SAFE Boat.

Remarks: With a low center of gravity and very little windage the center consoles allow for a wide verity of missions to be easily completed.

23-foot T-top Response Boat-Small

Guardian Class Transportable Port Security Boats

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Length: 24' 7" Beam: 8' 0" Draft: 39"

Engines: Twin outboards

NOTE: USCG Cutters assigned to inland waterways are not assigned international callsigns.

International callsigns double as ALE addresses for cutters equipped with ALE.

Maritime Safety and Security Teams (MSST) & Maritime Security Response Team (MSRT)

MSSTs were created under the Maritime Transportation Security Act (MTSA) 2002, in direct response to the terrorist attacks on Sept. 11, 2001, and are a part of the Department of Homeland Security's layered strategy directed at protecting our seaports and waterways. MSSTs Provide waterborne and a modest level of shoreside antiterrorism force protection for strategic shipping, high interest vessels and critical infrastructure. MSSTs are a quick response force capable of rapid, nationwide deployment via air, ground or sea transportation in response to changing threat conditions and evolving Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) mission requirements. Multi-mission capability facilitates augmentation for other selected Coast Guard missions.

MSST personnel receive training in Advanced Tactical Boat Operations and Anti-terrorism/ Force protection at the Special Missions Training Center located at Camp Lejeune, N.C.

Modeled after the Port Security Unit (PSU) and Law Enforcement Detachment (LEDET) programs, MSSTs provide a complementary non-redundant capability designed to close critical security gaps in our nation's strategic seaports. MSSTs are staffed to support continuous law enforcement operations both ashore and afloat. In addition, MSSTs:

- Jointly staffed to maximize effectiveness executing Port, Waterways, and Coastal Security (PWCS) operations (enforce security zones, port state control boardings, protection of military outloads and major marine events, augment shoreside security at waterfront facilities, detect WMD weapons/agents, and participate in port level antiterrorism exercises).
- Provide enhanced port safety and security and law enforcement capabilities to the economic or military significant port where they are based.
- Deploy in support of National Special Security Events (NSSEs) requiring Coast Guard presence, such as OpSail, Olympics, Republican & Democratic National Conventions, major disasters or storm recovery operations.
- Prototype/employ specialized capabilities to enhance mission performance (K-9 program, radiation detectors, dive program, vertical insertion, running gear entangling systems, less –than-lethal weapons, etc.).
- Deploy on board cutters and other naval vessels for port safety and security, drug law enforcement, migrant interdiction or other maritime homeland security mission requirements.

• Support Naval Coastal Warfare requirements during Homeland Defense (HLD) and in accordance with long standing agreements with DOD and the Combatant Commanders (protect strategic shipping, major naval combatants and critical infrastructure at home and abroad)

Capabilities

Maritime interdiction and law enforcement
Anti-terrorism/Force Protection
CBRN-E Detection
Vertical Insertion (commonly referred to as Fast Roping)
Search and Rescue (limited)
Port Protection/Anti-sabotage
Underwater Port Security
Canine Handling Teams (Explosives Detection)
Tactical Boat Operations NCW boat tactics
Non Permissive Compliant Boarding capability

MSSTs

MSST 91101 -- Seattle (Established 2002)

MSST 91102 -- Chesapeake, Va. (Established 2002). Renamed a MSRT in 2006

MSST 91103 -- Los Angeles/Long Beach (Established 2002)

MSST 91104 -- Houston/Galveston (Established 2002)

MSST 91105 -- San Francisco (Established 2003)

MSST 91106 -- Ft. Wadsworth, NY (Established 2003)

MSST 91107 -- Honolulu, HI (Established 2005)

MSST 91108 -- St. Marys, Ga. (Established 2003)

MSST 91109 -- San Diego, CA (Established 2005)

MSST 91110 -- Boston, MA (Established 2003)

MSST 91111 -- Anchorage (Established 2004)

MSST 91112 -- New Orleans (Established 2004)

MSST 91114 -- Miami, FL (Established 2005)

Personnel & Equipment

Each MSST has 75 active duty personnel. Each team has six SAFE boats, three physical security teams, and two canine teams.

A MSRT is an enhanced MSST with pretty much double the capabilities of a MSST.

Port Security Units

Coast Guard Port Security Units (PSUs) are Coast Guard units staffed primarily with selected reservists. They provide waterborne and limited land-based protection for shipping and critical port facilities both INCONUS and in theater.

PSUs can deploy within 24 hours and establish operations within 96 hours after initial call-up. Each PSU has transportable boats equipped with dual outboard motors, and support equipment to ensure mobility and sustainability for up to 30 days. Every PSU is staffed by a combination of reserve and active duty personnel. PSUs require specialized training not available elsewhere in the Coast Guard. Coast Guard Reservists assigned to Port Security Units must complete a 2 week Basic Skills Course at the PSU Training Detachment in Camp LeJeune, NC.

In addition to their most recent support of homeland security operations around the country, PSUs were deployed to the Persian Gulf during Operation Desert Storm in 1990. They also served in Haiti during Operation Uphold Democracy in 1994. In December 2000, PSU 309 from Port Clinton, OH was deployed to the Middle East to provide vital force protection for the Navy assets following the attack on the USS Cole.

PSU 301 Cape Cod Canal PSU 305 Fort Eustis, VA PSU 307 St. Petersburg, FL PSU 308 Gulfport, MS PSU 309 Port Clinton, Ohio PSU 311 Long Beach, CA PSU 312 San Francisco, CA PSU 313 Everett, WA

Maritime Force Protection Units

MFPUs provide enhanced security for U.S. Navy ballistic missile submarines within the units' homeport transit areas. These submarines generally operate on the surface with other vessel traffic when entering or departing ship channels leading to their homeport, and the MFPU will provide additional security measures while operating under these conditions.

MFPUs are single mission units that have broad law enforcement authority, including the authority to establish, patrol, and enforce exclusionary zones, naval vessel protective zones, restricted navigation areas, and security zones supporting naval operations.

MFPUs -----MFPU Kings Bay, GA MFPU Bangor, WA

MFPUs consist of an 87 foot cutter, small boats, and about 200 personnel.

National Strike Force

The National Strike Force's (NSF) mission is to provide highly trained, experienced personnel and specialized equipment to Coast Guard and other federal agencies to facilitate preparedness and response to oil and hazardous substance pollution incidents in order to protect public health and the environment. The NSF's area of responsibility covers all Coast Guard Districts and Federal Response Regions.

The National Strike Force totals over 200 active duty, civilian, reserve, and auxiliary personnel and includes the National Strike Force Coordination Center (NSFCC); the Atlantic Strike Team; the Gulf Strike Team; the Pacific Strike Team; and the Public Information Assist Team (PIAT) located at the NSFCC.

PACAREA TCC-3

The Transportable Communications Center (TCC) is a deployable communications command center. The TCC supports a wide scope of missions including law enforcement, search and rescue, and contingency communications to those area affected by natural disaster or other phenomena.

The TCC is equipped with: Three HF transceivers capable of 125-400 watts; Two VHF-FM Marine transceivers; Two UHF transceivers and five programmable police band transceivers in the 400-800 MHz range. The TCC is equipped with a LST-5D providing a dual port dama circuit over which one sat voice and one sat data circuit operate.

The TCC is equipped with a KWR-46 and a EPSBRT receiver/demultiplexer enabling operators to monitor the HMCG broadcast and receive Over The Air Receipts of keymat when deployed. The TCC is also equipped with phone patch capability in both clear and encrypted modes.

Lastly, operators may monitor the marine weather fax via the TCC's weather fax receiver.

There are 3 free standing HF antennas and 2 police and fire band antennas. The crew consists of a TCC Leading Petty Officer and 3-5 crew members. The TCC is deployable by ground or HC-130.

When the TCC is jointly deployed with the National Strike Force Mobile Incident CP the combined unit is known as the Mobile Incident Command Center.

CONTINGENCY COMMS TEAM

(Source file http://www.uscg.mil/lantarea/camslant/CONTINGENCY.ppt)

A team consisting of an OSC, OS1, IT1, MK1 & two ET2's that deploy w/mobile communications trailers or Transportable Communications Centrals (TCC's).

There are two TCC's: TMACC & TMMIC – BOTH are LANTAREA assets maintained and operated by the Contingency Comms Team based out of southern Chesapeake VA close to the VA/NC border.

TMACC = Transportable Multi-Agency Communications Central

TMMIC = Transportable Multi-Mission Communications Central

The TMACC & TMMIC provide comms support when temporary communications facilities are required. They deploy on short notice in support of but not limited to: Natural Disasters (Hurricane relief, etc.), Homeland Security OPS, SAR, law enforcement, & COTP OPS.

The Contingency Team remains in B-6 status 24x7/365 for mission readiness. The TCC's are coupled with rugged F-750 tow vehicles and are also C-130 deployable to ensure rapid deployment in response to a variety of mission demands.

What is the Contingency Comms Team?

Commissioned in 1992, TMACC was developed to support joint and multi-agency operations. The TMACC is the larger of the two TCC's. The TMACC is equipped with a broad range of communication and command and control systems that allow for interoperability between Coast Guard, DOD, Customs, DEA, local and state authorities. (Can accommodate 2-3 personnel comfortably, normally manned by 2 personnel.)

Commissioned in 1995, TMMIC was primarily developed to support Coast Guard missions, but can also work with other agencies. TMMIC is the smaller of the two TCC's. (Can accommodate 1 person comfortably, normally manned by 1 person, 2 person max.)

Capabilities

Both units provide capabilities to operate and monitor all Coast Guard frequencies; clear, protected, and secure.

Both units provide multiple record messaging circuits.

Both units can provide Internet, Intranet and limited SIPRNET Access. (dial-up)

TMACC has some additional communication and system capabilities (i.e., ICE Imagery, Officer in Tactical

Command Information Exchange Subsystem (OTCIXS), and Customs Over The Horizon Enforcement Net (COTHEN).

Both units can provide interoperability with other Federal, State, and Local frequencies.

Both units provide capabilities to operate and monitor all Coast Guard frequencies; clear, protected, and secure.

Circuit/Capability - Equipment - Classification - Purpose

 VHF/FM 138-174MHZ - Voice - Range: 0 to 50 miles - Motorola Spectra Radio - 3 shared with VHF/AM - Clear/DES

Standard Coast Guard VHF radio capable of protected communications up to SBU (e.g., Channel 16, 22A, 23, 83, LANT LE.).

 VHF/AM 115-152MHZ - Voice - Range: 0 to 50 miles - Motorola Spectra Radio - 3 shared with VHF/FM - Clear/DES

Standard Coast Guard VHF-AM aircraft radio (air-to-ground) capable of protected communications up to SBU. Contingency personnel will program these radios with frequencies provided by the requesting unit.

UHF/FM 403-512MHZ - Voice - Range: Ground – 15 to 100 miles; Aircraft 15 to 300+ miles - Motorola Spectra Radio - 2 ea - Clear/DES

Standard Coast Guard aircraft radio capable of protected communications.

 HF 1.6-30MHZ SSB - Primary Voice - Range: 0 to 400+ miles - Micom-2R Transceiver - 1 ea -Clear/Secure

Standard Coast Guard HF radio capable of secure communications up to Secret. Can be used for HF messaging or any other High Frequency requirement.

• MILSATCOM - DAMA Capable - LST-5D - 1 ea - Secure

Coast Guard's primary satellite voice system installed on cutters 110's and above. Circuits include HLS Net, JIATF Surface Net, and JIATF Air Net. Load up to two channels – can only monitor one at a time.

Satellite Telephone - Portable Iridium Phone - 1 ea - Clear/Secure

Capable of communications up to Secret. Can be used separately as a hand-held radio or as a stand-alone system in the TCC. External antenna system is available. Useful when phone lines are not available.

Commercial Satellite Voice & Data - INMARSAT Mini-M - 1 ea - Clear/Secure

Primarily used for voice. May be used for data but is very slow (2.4kbps).

Secure Voice Telephone - STE Phone - 1 ea - Secure

Capable of voice, data up to classification of SECRET. Dedicated landline desired but may be used in conjunction w/Mini-M.

 UHF/FM-AM 225-400MHZ – Voice - Range: Ground – 15 to 100 miles; Aircraft 15 to 300+ miles -URC-200/500 - 1 ea -

Clear/Secure

Standard Coast Guard Aircraft radio.

BOTH CAN INTEROPERATE WITH FEDERAL/STATE/LOCAL FREQUENCIES

UHF/AM 800MHZ - Public Safety Band - Range: 0 to 100 miles - Motorola Spectra - 1 ea - Clear

Interoperable radio capable of communications with the local Police, Fire Departments, and various other Law Enforcement agencies.

Must be programmed onsite to allow for interoperability.

Cross-band patching - ACU-1000 coupled w/ Motorola Spectra - 1 ea - Clear/DES

Enables different radios/frequencies to be patched together. Used to establish interoperable radio communications with local Police Departments, Fire Departments, and other Law Enforcement agencies.

BOTH PROVIDE MULTIPLE RECORD MESSAGING CIRCUITS

 HF 1.6-30MHZ - High Frequency Data Exchange (HFDX) - Range: 0 to 400+ miles - MICOM-2R Transceiver - 1 ea - Secure

For sending/receiving both classified and unclassified message traffic via the HFDX messaging system. Same system used on the cutter fleet (e.g., 210's/110's.)

Satellite Data Exchange (SDX) - Mini-M Satellite Telephone - 1 ea - Secure

Dial up system for sending/receiving both classified and unclassified message traffic (210's & PATFORSWA).

Fleet Satellite Broadcast - KWR-46 - 1 ea - Secure

Receive only message traffic through Navy broadcast circuit up to Top Secret and capable of receiving Over-The-Air-Transfer (OTAT) of cryptographic material.

BOTH CAN PROVIDE INTERNET/INTRANET AND LIMITED SIPRNET ACCESS

Internet and CGDN+ - TACHYON Satellite - 1 ea - Clear

Provides unclassified Internet/Intranet connectivity comparable to cable modem. Currently supports one terminal.

SIPRNET/SIPRNET Chat - Secure Messaging Workstation (SMW) - 1 ea - Secure

Dial up through modem bank. Extremely limited at 33.3kbps. Primarily used for sending and receiving classified and unclassified record message traffic. Allows SIPRNET connection via classified laptop computer.

TMACC UNIQUE CAPABILITIES

ICE Imagery - Requires use of MILSATCOM - 1 ea - Secure

Provides chat feature and ability to transfer pictures from CASPER equipped C-130s. Uses MILSATCOM CASPER Net. Streaming video is not available due to limited bandwidth.

OTCIXS - Requires use of MILSATCOM - 1 ea - Secure

Officer in Tactical Command Information Exchange Subsystem: allows for the transfer of messages, chat, vessel movements with chart displays and areas.

Customs Over The Horizon Enforcement Net (COTHEN) - 1 ea - Clear/Secure

High Frequency Automatic Link Establishment (HF/ALE) Network used by CG & Customs aircraft. Primarily used for air guards for C-130's, Jay-hawk, Falcons, and C-130's

BOTH MISC

Each unit is provided with a GPS receiver to establish position and assist with satellite antenna alignment and a digital voice logger capable of recording both data and voice circuits.

Each unit may be deployed with a Deployable Rapid Assembly Shelter (DRASH) that is capable of acting as a command and control center for a small staff. Also included with the DRASH tents, are portable air conditioning units that are available upon request.

Please note that the TMACC and TMMIC are self-supporting through the use of two diesel generators that provide power to all onboard systems (including air conditioning) in the event that shore power is not available on site. Within the trailers, the TMACC can comfortably accommodate two watch standers and one individual typically mans the TMMIC during operations.

Enhanced Mobile Incident Command Posts (eMICP)

(Source file: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-o/g-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The enhanced Mobile Incident Command Post (eMICP) is a trailer outfitted with temporary office and conference room facilities. The eMICP can be deployed alone or interfaced with the MCV to augment organic C4&IT capabilities. The eMICP provides a platform to conduct Coast Guard Command and Control, act as an incident command post, and support staff working an event. The eMICP is a conference room on wheels with a built in communications package to equip the conference room with Type I classified and Type III SBU (sensitive but unclassified) voice and data. The eMICP provides various communications systems along with twelve (12) work stations and a conference room table.

A tractor and a commercially licensed driver-team will tow the eMICP to any Continental United States (CONUS) location.

The first eMICP was delivered in November 2007.

Mobile Communications Vehicles (MCV)

(Source file: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-o/g-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The Mobile Communications Vehicle (MCV) can be deployed independently to provide robust communications to an established command center, or to an ad hoc environment such as a hotel room. It is designed to interface with a command center or eMICP to enhance classified and unclassified voice, and radio (HF, UHF, VHF) communications as well as provide voice and data interoperability with Coast Guard units, state, local, and federal interagency partners. The vehicle was designed to be C130J transportable to both CONUS and Outside the Continental United States (OCONUS) locations.

The first MCV is expected to be delivered in summer 2008.

Portable Computer Store (PCS)

(Source file: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-o/g-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The Portable Computer Store (PCS) is a contingency cache of six kits totaling 30 Standard Workstation III (SWIII) laptops and six routers which can be used to augment resources at a unit for surge operations, or establish a limited Local Area Network (LAN) in a temporary command and control facility. As a deployable kit, each PCS provides the critical equipment necessary for users to access vital business and operational tools. Each PCS kit contains a 16-port Voice Protocol Network capable router, five SWIII laptop computers, and necessary power supplies. Users may directly connect the laptops to existing Coast Guard Data Network plus (CGDN+) connections in Coast Guard facilities, or access CGDN+ through the internet using remote access services. The router enables up to 15 machines to share a single data connection for access to the Internet or CGDN+. Each user must have a remote access token to facilitate CGDN+ access when not directly connected to a CGDN+.

Portable SIPRNet (PS)

(Source file: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/g-o/g-opr/On%20Scene/OSsummer2007.pdf)

The Portable SIPRNet (PS) provides secure communications up to the level of SECRET. The portable SIPRNet asset consists of standard approved image laptops, a satellite terminal and network equipment necessary to provide connections to SIPRNet at remote locations. It is housed in flyaway cases that can be transported by two personnel as carryon baggage on commercial aircraft. PS can be deployed independently or as a module that plugs into the eMICP and MCV.

Telecommunications & Information Systems Command (TISCOM)

TISCOM is a part of the C4IT Service Center and serves as the Coast Guard's Center of Excellence (COE) for enterprise information technology infrastructure. As such TISCOM develops, deploys, secures and supports the Coast Guard's IT Infrastructure for both the SBU and SECRET enterprises. Solutions are divided into three areas:

- 1) Enterprise Networks (including: CGOne (including R21), SIPRNET, Local Area Networks, Cutter connectivity).
- 2) Information Systems
 Enterprise Servers/Services (including: Domain Controllers, Exchange, DHCP, SMS/WSUS, Goodlink)
 End User devices (including: standard workstation, smart phones, and laptops)
- 3) Organizational Messaging

Operations Systems Center

The Operations Systems Center (OSC) is a government-owned, contractor-operated unit with the primary function of providing full life-cycle support for operationally-focused Coast Guard Automated Information Systems. These systems support the Coast Guard's five strategic missions: Protection of Natural Resources, National Defense, Maritime Safety, Mobility, and Security.

At the OSC's establishment in 1991, 45 full-time staff members supported five mission-critical information systems. Today, there are over 340 full-time staff members operating, maintaining, developing, and/or providing user support for over 35 enterprise-wide information systems. Team OSC, comprised of Active Duty Military, Federal Civilian, Contractors, and Reservists, provides technical support to Coast Guard Program Managers concerning these systems, to ensure proper system operation, analyze needs, and recommend configuration changes.

Rescue 21 Program

Source: Coast Guard Fact Sheet

The U.S. Coast Guard is replacing its outdated communications system in a project titled Rescue 21.

The Coast Guard's current backbone communications network is the National Distress and Response System (NDRS). Established more than 30 years ago, this VHF-FM-based radio communication system has a range of up to 20 nautical miles along most of the U.S. shoreline.

While this system has served the Coast Guard well over the years, it consists of out-of-date and non-standard equipment with many limitations. These include:

- Imprecise direction finding capability.
- Numerous geographic coverage gaps.
- Lack of interoperability for example, with other emergency response services.
- Single-channel radio operation, which prohibits the ability to receive radio calls when the system is previously engaged in a transmission.

To address the limitations of the current communications system, the Coast Guard has implemented Rescue 21.

Rescue 21 will replace a wide range of aging, obsolete VHF-FM radio communications equipment and will revolutionize how the Coast Guard communicates and carries out its various missions. The system offers:

- Enhanced VHF-FM and UHF (line-of-site) coverage, for more certain reception of distress calls.
- Position localization within 2 degrees of VHF-FM transmissions, so rescue vessels have a dramatically smaller area to search.
- An increase in the number of voice and data channels from one to six, allowing watchstanders to conduct multiple operations. No longer will a single caller in distress — or worse, a hoax caller prevent another caller from getting through.
- Protected communications for all Coast Guard operations.
- Position tracking of certain Coast Guard assets such as boats and cutters.
- Digital voice recording with immediate, enhanced playback, improving the chances for unclear messages to be understood.
- Improved interoperability among the Coast Guard and federal, state, and local partners, so additional resources can be added to rescue operations as needed.
- Digital selective calling (DSC), an alternate distress communication system used internationally on Channel 70. If properly registered with a Mobile Maritime Service Identity (MMSI) number and interfaced with GPS, the DSC radio signal transmits vital vessel information, position, and the nature of distress (if entered) at the push of a button.
- Provides portable, deployable towers and electronics for restoration of communications during emergencies and natural disasters.

By replacing outdated technology with a fully integrated communications system that bridges interoperability gaps, Rescue 21 boosts the ability to protect boaters and the nation's coasts. Saving lives

and providing homeland security are both vital missions in the 21st century.

Coast Guard Funding & Budgets

FY 16 Budget Request

FY2016 budget requests \$9.96 billion with \$1.02 billion for acquisition.

Cuts include:

Retire 3 HC-130H aircraft Decommission 2 110-foot patrol boats

\$200 million is requested to establish HC-27J operations at CGAS Sacramento, standup a second HC-130J unit, buy spares for HC-144A and upgrade HH-65 aircraft.

FY 15 Budget Request

FY2015 requests \$9.79 billion overall with \$803 million for acquisition.

Cuts include:

Retire 3 HC-130H aircraft

Decommission two High Endurance Cutters

Decommission 8 110-foot patrol boats

Eliminate two 87 foot patrol boat crews

For all non-HITRON aircraft, eliminate Airborne Use of Force program and remove all weapons

Cut four Vessel Boarding Security Teams from Boston, San Diego and San Francisco

Cut HC-144A flight hours by 17% to 1,000

Eliminate fixed wing 30 minute alert readiness from all CONUS air stations and reduce number of crews. SAR requirements will be fulfilled by rotary assets. Fixed wing assets can be scheduled if available but will not be on alert readiness

Acquisitions include:

\$68 million to prepare for transfer of 14 HC-27J aircraft from the U.S. Air Force as authorized in the National Defense Authorization Act of 2014

Provides \$803 million for the acquisition of the eighth National Security Cutter and two Fast Response Cutters

In addition, HR 4005 allows the USCG to transfer H-60s from other services and convert to MH-60T for permanent use in District 9.

FY 14 Budget Appropriation

The Senate appropriation bill restores funding for 2 HC-130H aircraft and one High Endurance cutter. It provides \$10 million for RB-Medium boats, \$632 million for NSC program and \$310 million for 6 FRC cutters. It allows retirement of two 110 foot patrol boats. \$1.2 billion is earmarked for acquisition.

The House version restored funding for air facilities in Charleston, SC and Newport, OR.

FY 14 Budget Request

FY2014 requests \$9.79 billion overall with \$909 million for acquisition.

Cuts include:

Retire all HU-25 aircraft

Close two air facilities

Retire two HC-130H aircraft

Divert \$26 million in training funds for operations

Decommission two High Endurance cutters

Acquisitions include:

\$743 million for NSC-7, two FRC cutters, OPC cutter acquisition, and 140 foot ice breaker upkeep

\$28 million for MH-65 upgrades

Manned Covert Surveillance Aircraft – funding to operate and support the first aircraft which is planned to operate out of Miami, FL

FY 12 Budget Request

FY2012 requests \$10.3 billion overall with \$1.4 billion for acquisition.

Cuts include:

Eliminating MSST Anchorage

Will retire four HU-25 fixed-wing aircraft.

Will decommission the High Endurance Cutters HAMILTON, CHASE, RUSH, and JARVIS.

Will decommission the Medium Endurance Cutter ACUSHNET.

Will decommission icebreaker POLAR SEA.

Will decommission all 179 foot PCs.

\$1.4 billion is requested for modernization to include:

40 response boats-medium

2 HC-144As

Replacement MH-60 for CG 6017

6 Fast Response Cutters

Upgrade 8 MH-60s

FY 11 Budget Request

FY2011 requests \$6.6 billion for operating expenses, \$1.381 billion for acquisition, \$10.08 billion overall. A 3.3 % cut.

Cuts include:

Decommissions the Coast Guard's National Strike Force Coordination Center in Elizabeth City, NC.

Termination of Manned Covert Surveillance Aircraft follow-on funding.

Closes two Coast Guard Air Facilities at Muskegon, MI and Waukegan, IL.

Realigns rotary wing capacity to provide four medium-range H-60 helicopters to the Great Lakes region. Two H-60 helicopters from Operations Bahamas Turks & Caicos (OPBAT) and two H-60s from Maritime Security Response Team (MSRT) in Chesapeake, VA will be permanently relocated to CGAS Traverse City, MI. Upon arrival of the four H-60s, five MH-65 helicopters presently stationed at CGAS Traverse City will be removed from active service.

The FY 2011 budget requests \$1.381 billion for the following projects:

Response Boat-Medium - \$42 million for 10 boats

Rescue 21 - \$36 million

Funds production of HC-144A #15

Continues upgrades to HC-130H, HH-60, and H-65 aircraft.

Fully funds production of NSC #5

Requests \$240 million for the Fast Response Cutter program for hulls #9-12

Provides necessary funding to support ATC Mobile transition from four HU-25 aircraft to four HC-144A aircraft in FY 2009-2014 and CGAS Miami transition from six HU-25 aircraft to seven HC-144A aircraft in FY 2010-2015.

FY 10 Budget Request

The FY 10 budget request was for \$6.5 billion for Operating Expenses and \$1 billion for Deepwater as follows:

\$305 million for aircraft \$591 million for surface ships \$154 million for C4ISR

AIRCRAFT

Delivery of HC-144A Maritime Patrol Aircraft #13 & 14

HH-60 engine sustainment and avionics, wiring and sensor upgrades for eight aircraft

HH-65 conversion to modernized components, cockpit and enhanced interoperability for 22 aircraft

HC-130H avionics and sensor upgrades for eight aircraft, as well as four center wing box replacements

SURFACE

Completion of National Security Cutter #4

Analysis and design for the Offshore Patrol Cutter (OPC)

Production of Fast Response Cutters (FRC-Bs) #5-#8

Production of Deepwater Cutter Small Boats

Overhaul five Medium Endurance Cutters and three 110-foot cutters

\$103 million for 30 Response Boat-Medium boats

C4ISR

\$117 million for Rescue 21 program for California and New England Sectors to receive Rescue 21 capability, and continued development of Great Lakes, Hawaii, Guam, and Puerto Rico Sectors

Eliminates LORAN-C system

FY 08 Budget Appropriation

The FY 08 budget appropriation provided for \$5.9 billion for Operating Expenses and \$1.1 billion for Acquisition, Construction and Improvements.

FY 08 Appropriation Breakdown

. . . .

AIRCRAFT

\$11.5 million to increase the HH-65 fleet by 7 helicopters for the National Capital Region air defense mission

\$170 million for 3 more HC-144A maritime patrol aircraft

\$57.3 million for HH-60 conversion

\$18.9 million for HC-130H sustainment

\$50.8 million for HH-65 conversion

\$24.6 million for Airborne Use of Force equipment to outfit 42 MH-65Cs and 7 MH-60Js

\$5.8 million for missionization and fleet introduction of the C-130Js. The missionization project has experienced an increase in estimated cost that exceeds 8% of the total contracted cost. Pending approval of a remediation plan to address the cost overrun, Coast Guard does not intend to expend funds missionizing C-130J four through six.

C4ISR

\$89.6 million for C4ISR

\$2.5 million for 12 HF transmitters

\$3.6 million for planning and design of an expansion to the Coast Guard Operations System Center.

\$80.3 million for the Rescue 21 communications upgrade program

\$12 million for Nationwide Automatic Identification System

SURFACE

\$165.7 million for the National Security Cutter (NSC) for NSC #3 and #4

\$11.5 million for Coast Guard to pilot an intensive maintenance regime for 110-foot Island Class patrol boats in District Seven. The additional funding provided will allow eight 110-foot patrol boats home-ported in Miami, Key West and St. Petersburg, Florida to operate an additional 3,200 hours per year.

\$45 million for the response boat medium (RB-M) to support the acquisition of 14 additional RB-Ms.

FY 07 Budget Appropriation

The final FY 07 budget appropriation allocates \$7.8 billion to the Coast Guard. This includes \$1.066 billion for Deepwater. Operating expenses are funded at \$5.48 billion.

The bill includes \$1.33 billion for acquisition, construction and improvements; \$16 million to remove or repair bridges; \$17 million for research and development; \$122 million for reserve training; and \$1.063 billion for retired pay.

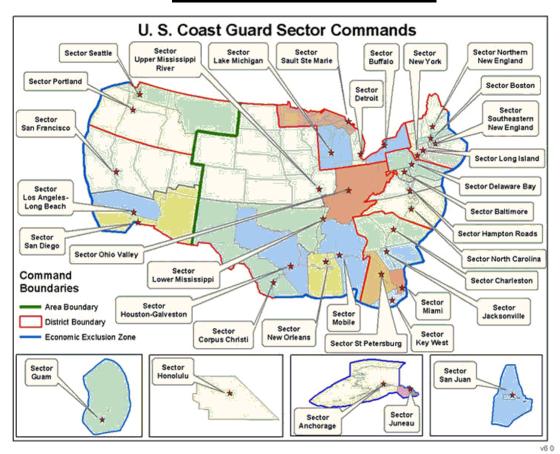
The funding request for a new Coast Guard headquarters complex in Washington, D.C. was deleted until the Homeland Security Department has finalized plans for moving other agencies to the space.

Lawmakers included \$127 million to speed up development of the Fast Response Cutter to replace the 110-foot patrol boats.

The acquisitions account also includes \$15 million for a new HH-60 Jayhawk to replace CG 6020 which was lost during a search and rescue mission in Alaska in December 2004 and \$49 million for avionics upgrades and a service life extension project for the HH-60s.

The appropriation also funds the purchase an HC-235, develop the Eagle Eye unmanned aerial vehicle, and fund a construction of a new national security cutter.

USCG Sector/Station List



LANTAREA

COMMCOM
USCGRU/USJFCOM
USCGRU-USSOUTHCOM, Miami, Florida
Coast Guard International Ice Patrol
U.S. Coast Guard Activities Europe
ISC Portsmouth
HITRON Jacksonville, FL
Activities Europe, Rotterdam, Netherlands
Maintenance and Logistics Command Atlantic (MLCLANT)
Training Center Cape May
Training Center Yorktown
Aviation Technical Training Center Elizabeth City
Atlantic Area Deployment Center, Jacksonville, FL

District 1:

CGAS Cape Cod, MA
Sector Northern New England
MSFO Belfast, ME
MSFO New Castle, NH (Portsmouth)
Station Boothbay Harbor, ME

Station Burlington, VT

Station Portsmouth Harbor, NH

Station South Portland, ME

ANT Portland

Station Eastport, ME

Station Jonesport, ME

Station Southwest Harbor, ME

ANT Southwest Harbor

Station Rockland, ME

Sector Boston

Station Merrimack River, MA

Station Gloucester, MA

Station Boston, MA

Station Point Allerton, MA

Station Scituate, MA

Light Station Boston, MA

Sector Southeastern New England

Station Provincetown, MA

Station Chatham, MA

Station Cape Cod Canal, MA

Station Woods Hole, MA

Station Brant Point, MA

Station Menemsha, MA

Station Castle Hill, RI

Station Point Judith, RI

MSFO Cape Cod

MSFO New Bedford

ANT Bristol

ANT Woods Hole

Sector Long Island Sound

ANT Long Island Sound

MSD Coram

Station Eaton's Neck

Station New Haven, CT

Station New London, CT

ANT Moriches

Station Fire Island, NY

Station Jones Beach, NY

Station Montauk, NY

Sector New York, NY

ANT Saugerties

ANT New York

Station New York, NY

Station Sandy Hook, NJ

Station Shinnecock, NY

District 5:

CGAS Atlantic City

CGAS Elizabeth City

Sector Maryland-National Capital Region

Station Annapolis, MD

Station St. Inigoes, MD

Station Crisfield, MD

Station Curtis Bay, MD

Station Washington, DC

Station Oxford, MD

Station Stillpond, MD

Station IMARV Taylor's Island

Sector Delaware Bay

Station Philadelphia, PA

SARDET Salem, NJ

Station Atlantic City, NJ

Station Barnegat Inlet, NJ

Station Beach Haven, NJ (seasonal)

Station Cape May, NJ

Station/SARDET Fortescue, NJ (seasonal)

Station Great Egg, NJ (seasonal)

Station Manasquan, NJ

SARDET Roosevelt Island, NJ (seasonal)

Station Sharks River, NJ (seasonal)

Station Townsend Inlet, NJ (seasonal)

Sector Hampton Roads

Station Little Creek, VA

Station Cape Charles, VA

Station Portsmouth, VA

Station Milford Haven, VA

Station Chincoteague, VA

Station Wachapreague, VA

Station Indian River Inlet, DE

Station Ocean City, MD

Sector North Carolina

MSU Wilmington, NC

Station Fort Macon, NC

Station Wrightsville Beach, NC

Station Emerald Isle, NC

Station Hobucken, NC

Station Oak Island, NC

Station Ocracoke, NC (Seasonal)

Station Oregon Inlet, NC

Station Hatteras Inlet, NC

Station Elizabeth City, NC

District 7:

CGAS Miami

CGAS Savannah

AIRFAC Charleston

CGAS Clearwater

CGAS Key West

MFPU Kings Bay, GA

Sector Charleston

Station Charleston, SC

Station Georgetown, SC

Station Tybee Island, GA

Station Brunswick, GA

MSU Savannah, GA

Sector Miami

Station Miami Beach, FL

Station Fort Lauderdale, FL

Station Lake Worth Inlet, FL

Station Fort Pierce, FL

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Sector St. Petersburg
       Station Yankeetown, FL
       Station Sand Key, FL
       Station St. Petersburg, FL
       Station Cortez, FL
       Station Fort Myers Beach, FL
Sector Key West
       Station Key West, FL
       Station Marathon, FL
       Station Islamadora, FL
Sector Jacksonville
       Station Mayport, FL
       Station Port Canaveral, FL
       MSD Canaveral
       Station Ponce de Leon Inlet, FL
Sector San Juan
       CGAS Boringuen
       Station San Juan, PR
District 8:
CGAS New Orleans
ATC Mobile
Gulf Coast Primary Crew Assembly Facility, Pascagoula, MS
Sector Corpus Christi
       CGAS Corpus Christi
       Station South Padre Island, TX
       Station Port Aransas, TX
       Station Port O'Connor, TX
Sector Houston-Galveston, TX
       CGAS Houston
       Station Freeport (Surfside, TX)
       Station Sabine, TX
       MSU Lake Charles, LA
       MSU Port Arthur, TX
       Station Galveston, TX
       Station Houston, TX
       Station Lake Charles, LA
Sector Mobile, AL
       Station Dauphin Island (Mobile, AL)
       Station Pascagoula, MS
       Station Destin, FL
       Station Panama City, FL
       Station Pensacola, FL
Sector New Orleans, LA
       Station New Orleans, LA
       Station Grand Isle, LA
       Station Venice, LA
       Station Gulfport, MS
       MSU Baton Rogue, LA
       MSU Houma, LA
       MSU Morgan City, LA
Sector Ohio Valley (Louisville, KY)
       SSD Chattanooga, TN
       SSD Hickman, KY
       SSD Owensboro, KY
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SSD Paris Landing, TN SSD Sewickly, PA MSU Huntington, WV MSD Cincinnati, OH MSU Paducah, KY MSD Nashville, TN MSU Pittsburgh, PA Sector Upper Mississippi River (Keokuk, IA) Sector Lower Mississippi River (Memphis, TN) MSD Greenville MSD Fort Smith MSD Vicksburg District 9: **CGAS** Detroit **CGAS Traverse City** Sector Buffalo Station Alex Bay Station Sackets Harbor, NY Station Oswego, NY Station Sodus Point Station Rochester, NY Station Niagara, NY Station Buffalo, NY Station Erie, PA Station Ashtabula Station Fairport MSU Cleveland, OH Sector Detroit Station Tawas, MI Station Saginaw River, MI Station Harbor Beach, MI Station Port Huron, MI Station St. Clair Shores, MI Station Belle Isle, MI Station Toledo, OH Station Marblehead, OH Station Lorain, OH Station Cleveland Harbor, OH MSU Toledo, OH Sector Lake Michigan Station Sturgeon Bay Station Green Bay Station Two Rivers Station Sheboygan Station Milwaukee Station Kenosha Station Wilmette Harbor Station Calumet Harbor MSU Chicago

> Sector Field Office Grand Haven Station Frankfort Station Manistee Station Ludington Station Muskegon

Station Grand Haven Station Holland Station St. Joseph

Station Michigan City

Sector Sault Ste Marie

Station Charlevoix, MI Station Alpena, MI Station Bayfield, WI Station Duluth, MN Station Marquette, MI

Station Portage, MI Station St Ignace, MI

MSU Duluth, MI

ISD Sault Ste Marie, MI

PACAREA

Maintenance and Logistics Command Pacific (MLCP) ISC Alameda
Training Center Petaluma, CA
Pacific Area Training Team

District 11:

CGAS San Francisco CGAS Sacramento

CGAS Los Angeles

Station Lake Tahoe

MCC Novato, CA

ESD Novato, CA

Sector Los Angeles-Long Beach

Station Los Angeles, CA Station Morro Bay, CA

Station Channel Islands Harbor, CA

Sector San Diego

CGAS San Diego Station San Diego, CA

Sector San Francisco

Station San Francisco, CA Station Golden Gate, CA Station Monterey, CA Station Rio Vista, CA Station Bodega Bay, CA Station Vallejo, CA CGAS Humboldt Bay Station Humboldt Bay, CA Station Noyo River, CA

District 13:

MFPU Bangor, WA Sector Puget Sound

Station Seattle, WA CGAS Port Angeles Station Port Angeles, WA Station Neah Bay, WA Station Quillayute River, WA

Station Bellingham, WA

Sector Columbia River

CGAS Astoria

Station Portland, OR

Station Tillamook Bay

Station Cape Disappointment

Station Grays Harbor

Group North Bend

CGAS North Bend

Station Depoe Bay

Station Coos Bay

Station Umpqua River

Station Yaquina Bay

Station Coquille River

Station Chetco River

Station Siuslaw River

District 14:

CGAS Barbers Point

Sector Honolulu

Base Sand Island, HI

ISC Sand Island

Station Maui

Sector Guam

District 17:

CGAS Kodiak

CGAS Sitka

AIRFAC Cordova, AK

COMMDET Kodiak, AK

AIRFAC St. Paul Island, AK - MH-60 forward deployment site

Sector Juneau

Station Juneau, AK

Station Ketchikan, AK

Sector Anchorage

MSU Valdez, AK

Station Valdez, AK

MSST 91101 -- Seattle

MSST 91102 -- Chesapeake, Va. MSST 91103 -- Los Angeles/Long Beach

MSST 91104 -- Houston/Galveston

MSST 91105 -- San Francisco

MSST 91106 -- Ft. Wadsworth, NY

MSST 91107 -- Honolulu, HI

MSST 91108 -- St. Marys, Ga. MSST 91109 -- San Diego, CA

MSST 91110 -- Boston, MA

MSST 91111 -- Anchorage

MSST 91112 -- New Orleans

MSST 91114 - Miami

National Strike Force

COMMCOM HF Transmitter Sites

(Public Information in FCC Docs)

COMMSTA Boston, Maspee, MA - 41° 24′ 00" N 070° 18′ 57" W CAMSLANT Chesapeake, VA - 36° 33′ 59" N 076° 15′ 23" W COMMSTA Miami, Miami, FL - 25° 36′ 58" N 080° 23′ 04" W

COMMSTA New Orleans, Belle Chasse, LA - 29° 52' 40" N 089° 54' 46" W

CAMSPAC Point Reyes, CA - 38° 06' 00" N 122° 55' 48" W COMMSTA Honolulu, Wahiawa, HI - 21° 31' 08" N 157° 59' 28" W COMMSTA Kodiak, Kodiak, AK - 57° 04' 26" N 152° 28' 20" W GUAM, Finegayan, GU - 13° 53' 08" N 144° 50' 20" E

Coast Guard Terminology

AIRSTA Coast Guard Air Station

ALC Aviation Logistics Center, Elizabeth City, NC

AMARG Aerospace Maintenance And Regeneration Group, Davis Monthan AFB

AMVER Automated Mutual Assistance Vessel Rescue System

BANDIT H-65

BLACKJACK MH-65C on National Capital Region air defense mission

BENCHMARK Term for reference point (used to pass position)

BOUNCER MH-65

CAMSLANT Communications Area Master Station Atlantic, Chesapeake, VA CAMSPAC Communications Area Master Station Pacific, Point Reyes, CA

CASPER C-130 Airborne Sensory Palletized Electronic Reconnaissance equipment

CHARLIE Copy, Clear (as in affirmative)
COMMSTA Communications Station

CYCLOPS ## HC-130
DELTA ## MH-65
DEMON ## HC-130

DMB Datum Marker Buoy

DOLPHIN ## H-65 DRAGON ## H-65

ELT Emergency Locator Transmitter

eMICP Enhanced Mobile Incident Command Post EPIRB Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon

ESD Electronics Support Detachment

FALCON ## HU-25

FLIR Forward-Looking Infra-red

FOXTROT ## HU-25

FOXTROT MIKE "FM" Frequency, most often VHF Marine Band

GUARDIAN ## MH-65C HERK ## HC-130H

HOMEPLATE Aircraft's home airfield HOTEL/HIGH FOX High Frequency Radio

IN THE BLIND Sending message without hearing response

JAYHAWK ## HH-60J JULIET ## HH-60J

JUGGLER USCG Auxiliary unit

KILO ## MH-65C

KINGBUSTERS ## USCG small boats

LANDLINE Standard Telephone
LIMA CHARLIE Loud and Clear

LE PATROL Law Enforcement Patrol

MAKO ## MH-65

MEDEVAC Medical Evacuation

MCV Mobile Communications Vehicle

MSD Marine Safety Detachment (subordinate to an MSO)

MSO Marine Safety Office

NOVEMBER ## HC-144A

NVG Night Vision Goggles

OMNI ## HC-130 on a law enforcement mission

OPBAT Operation Bahamas, Turks and Caicos joint counterdrug operation (USCG, DEA,

& CBP)

PANTHER Joint DEA/USCG counterdrug ops center, Nassau, Bahamas

PIW Person(s) In Water

POB People/Persons On Board PPR Prior Permission Required

PS Portable SIPRNet

RAPTOR USCG Response Boat-Medium at Key West

RESCUE USCG aircraft on actual SAR mission

RCC Rescue Coordination Center

RTB Return To Base

SABER USCG Auxiliary Aircraft
SAR CASE Search And Rescue Mission
SARSAT Search And Rescue Satellite

SCN Systems Coordination Net (HF Ship-Shore Radio)

SHARK ## USCG Cutter SITREP Situation Report

SLDMB Self-Locating Datum Marker Buoy

SOB Souls On Board, older term for POB often used by USCG

SSD Shoreside Support Detachments

STINGRAY ## HU-25 now also being used by MH-68As

STRIKER ## MH-65

SWORDFISH ## MH-60J Jayhawks and HU-25 Falcons TCC Transportable Communications Center

TIBURON USCG Cutter

UNIFORM HOTEL Ultra High Frequency Radio VICTOR SIERRA Sector search by single asset

ZEAL ## USCG aircraft

Sources: Various USCG fact sheets, hazegray.org, US Navy League Seapower 2008 Almanac, ACP-113(AI), Hugh Stegman's Federal Callsign List, various data from the old WUN List, spotter reports.